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FORT WAYNE'S GREATEST NEWSPAPER

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TERRIFIC GENERAL ASSAULT ON PORT ARTHUR

IMPORTANT FORTS TAKEN BY STORM

Desperate Assault Begun Monday is Continued With Advantage to the Mikado's Forces.

KUROPATKIN REPORTS ON CONDITIONS

Active hostilities so far as today's news from the seat of war is concerned were manifested only at Port Arthur, where the Japanese resumed their attack of yesterday by land and sea. They are reported to have captured two important forts. General Kuropatkin reports to St. Petersburg that the Japanese position at Bentsiaputze is strongly held by a Japanese brigade with guns and that large Japanese forces from Liao Yang have already crossed to the right bank of the Taitse river.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 20.—The general attack on Port Arthur, which began yesterday and in which the Japanese fleet is co-operating, was resumed this morning. The Japanese captured two important forts on either side of Suelszying, north of Port Arthur.

Chefoo, Sept. 20.—5:30 p. m.—Authoritative information has been received here of a general attack upon Port Arthur by the Japanese forces, which began yesterday before day-break and continued until dark.

All indications point to an effort to capture certain of the northeast main forts.

This is the attack for which the Japanese have been preparing for the past nineteen days, with slight hope of success. As foretold in these dispatches, the Japanese attack on Port Arthur is directed against the northeast front. The main object is to capture the fortifications on Kikwan mountain, Rihulung mountain and the intermediate forts. The foregoing comes from a Russian of standing whose previous information has been correct. He adds that the attack at the end of August, which was represented as two separate assaults, really constituted a ten days' battle, the fighting being the heaviest during the first three days and the last four days of that period. Although the Japanese retired August 31, along the greater part of their line, they remained in four supplementary forts on the northeast front which they had captured from the Russians. These include two forts fifty yards from Rihulung mountain and two others at a somewhat greater distance. Since August 31 the Japanese have bombarded very slightly, while the Russians have been throwing approximately one thousand shells daily, chiefly against the four Japanese positions mentioned.

STOESSEL REPELS ATTACKS.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 20.—Lieutenant General Stoessel, commanding the Russian military forces at Port Arthur, reports by telegraph that on the night of September 16 the garrison repelled two attacks on the re-oubt protecting the waterworks.

ORLOFF NOT A SUICIDE.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 20.—6:55 p. m.—The report in circulation in certain quarters that Major General Orloff (who has been held to be responsible for General Kuropatkin's retirement from Liao Yang owing to Orloff's failure to obey his orders) has committed suicide, is absolutely denied.

KUROPATKIN REPORTS.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 20.—The following dispatch has been received from General Kuropatkin:

"The reconnaissance made September 17 establishes the fact that the Japanese position at Baniaputze is strongly held by a brigade with guns. There was no enemy east of Baniaputze, but Japanese reinforcements arrived September 18 in the vicinity of that village. Large Japanese forces from Liao Yang have already crossed to the right bank of the Taitse river.

"A Cossack patrol attacked a Japanese convoy west of Baniaputze and captured thirty horses with their loads."

POET DUNBAR DYING.

Dayton, Ohio, Sept. 20.—Paul Lawrence Dunbar, the well known African-American poet, is in a critical condition from consumption at the home of his mother in this city. It is said that Mr. Dunbar's doctors have given him but one month to live. On May 8 he contracted pneumonia while in New York and despite the most expert care it de-

veloped into tubercular trouble. Dunbar was born in this city in 1872 and educated in the public schools.

TRIED TO HANG SON, IT IS SAID.

Muncie, Ind., Sept. 20.—On complaint of neighbors, William S. Leonard, of Wheeling, a village north of here, has been arrested and charged with assault and battery upon his son. It is charged that Leonard placed a rope about the neck of his son, Torrence, 13 years old, and was attempting to hang the boy from a rafter when the screams of the lad attracted neighbors, who rescued him. The accused man has denied the charge.

KNIGHT'S INDIANA DATES CANCELED

Californian to Speak Twice in State—Landis at Kendallville Oct 20.

Indianapolis, Sept. 20.—As a result of a telegram from Harry S. New at western republican headquarters in Chicago, Senator Lyons, of the speakers' bureau of the republican state committee, has called off all the speakers' dates set for George A. Knight, of California, excepting that of Sept. 24 at Rensselaer and that of Oct. 5 in Indianapolis, when the national republican league will meet. Congressman Charles B. Landis will speak at Warsaw, Oct. 10; Kendallville, Oct. 20; Goshen, Oct. 21; South Bend, Oct. 22; Plainfield, Oct. 24 and Terre Haute Oct. 25.

HERING WILL ACCEPT.

South Bend, Ind., Sept. 20.—Prof. Frank E. Hering, who was nominated for congress over his protest several weeks ago by the democrats of the Thirteenth district, today in a letter to District Chairman Fletcher formally accepted the nomination. The letter reads:

"My services are at my party's disposal. I shall accept the nomination for congress and will do all in my power to aid in carrying the Thirteenth district for the democratic party."

WANT OPIUM BARRED.

Plainfield, Ind., Sept. 20.—By a unanimous vote of the western yearly meeting of Friends a resolution addressed to President Roosevelt was passed today calling upon him to exert his executive power to enforce a law to prevent the opium abuse in the Philippines. There were no speeches and the resolution passed unanimously.

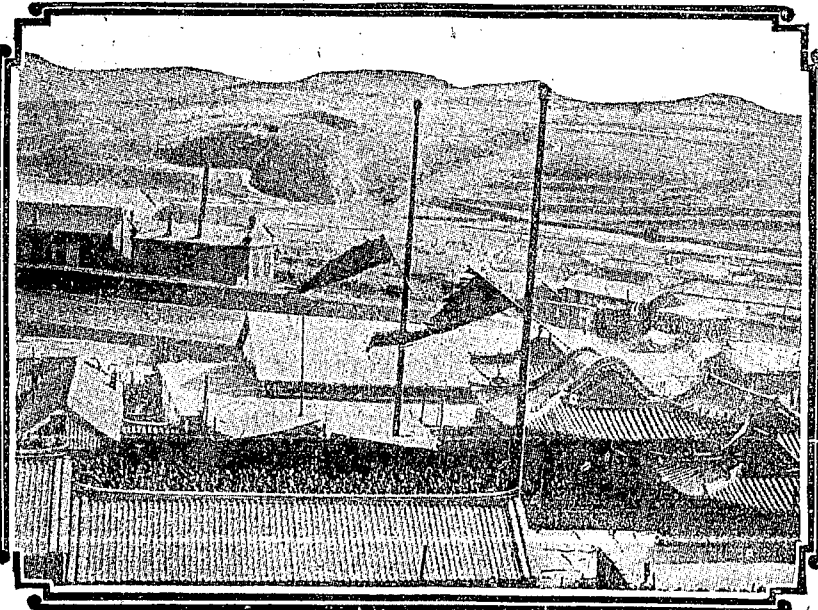
ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 20.—Albert Prather, who shot and killed Ed Welsh, in Cincinnati, April 13, 1903, was arrested here today. He has been at his home in Bourbon county since the tragedy occurred.

RICHMOND NEWSPAPER SOLD.

Richmond, Ind., Sept. 20.—The sale of the Richmond Palladium was effected today and John S. Fitzgibbon took charge of the paper. It will be made a morning paper on Oct. 1.

Where The Japs Train Guns on Beleaguered Fortress



THE SURROUNDING HILLS OF PORT ARTHUR SEEN FROM THE CHINESE QUARTER, FROM THE SPIDER

CLOUDS OF DOUBT OBSCURE OUTLOOK

Little Indication as Yet of Identity of Democratic Leader in New York

SHEPARD MEN HUSTLING

Convention at Saratoga Opens and Then Adjourns Until 11 a. m. Wednesday

Saratoga, N. Y., Sept. 20.—The democratic state convention effected preliminary organization today and took a recess till tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

William B. Hornblower, of New York, was temporary chairman and addressed the convention at length. The temporary roll was perfected and referred to the committee on credentials. Former Senator Raines was selected as chairman of the committee on resolutions, which will prepare the platform.

An impassioned speech was made by J. J. Fitzgerald, withdrawing in the interest of harmony, from the contest in the 17th district of New York, although he charged that his faction had been defeated "at the point of the revolver," and otherwise by outrageous methods. The withdrawal of the contest was received with cheers, especially upon Mr. Fitzgerald's declaration that this was the first democratic convention in twenty years without a contest.

EARLY SITUATION UNCHANGED. Up to the time the convention was called to order the general situation underneath all the flying rumors and counter claims was essentially unchanged. The feature of the morning was the first appearance of the friends of Mr. Shepherd in active canvass for delegates. It seems to be the general belief if Mr. Shepherd is nominated his running mate for lieutenant governor will be George M. Palmer.

Chairman Cord Meyer, of the New York state committee, called the convention to order and at once presented the name of Mr. Hornblower as temporary chairman. Mr. Hornblower was escorted to the platform and after the routine business of confirming the temporary secretaries as selected by the state committee began his speech.

JERSEY G. O. P. IN CONVENTION

Trenton, N. J., Sept. 20.—The state republican convention to nominate presidential electors and candidate for governor as called to order in Taylor opera house at noon. After the adoption of the platform former Senator Edward C. Stokes was unanimously nominated for governor by the republican state convention here today.

GRANITE STATE REPUBLICANS.

Concord, N. H., Sept. 20.—John McLane, of Milford, was nominated for governor by the republican state convention here today.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. William Koch, of Savilla avenue—a daughter.

BRAKEMAN KILLED BY SWITCH ENGINE

Frank S. Laughrey Horribly Mangled Under Wheels of Locomotive.

MISHAP IN EAST YARDS

Unfortunate Man Was Just Going Out on Run-- Leaves No Family.

Frank S. Laughrey, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania road, was run over and instantly killed by a switch engine at 3 o'clock Tuesday afternoon in the east yards a short distance east of Walton avenue.

Laughrey had just received a call to go out on a local freight and was walking along the track when he was struck by the engine, which was coming from behind.

The unfortunate man was carried along several yards before the wheels passed over his body and he was terribly mangled.

Laughrey was unmarried and boarded at the East Yards hotel. He was about twenty-six years old. The remains were removed to the Peltier undertaking parlors.

TIERED OF LIFE; TWO END IT.

Bucyrus, O., Sept. 20.—Mary and Lizzie Kehr, two single women, who lived alone on a small farm near here, were found horribly mutilated this morning by the section men on the Ohio Central railroad. They were wrapped in a bed spread and laid down on the track last night and were killed by a passenger train. They had frequently declared that they were tired of the struggle for life and wanted to die.

HELD ON MURDER CHARGE.

Evansville, Ind., Sept. 20.—Mrs. Albert A. Reed, a negro woman, had a preliminary hearing today on the charge of murder. Daniel Owens, also a negro, was held for assault and battery. Mrs. Reed shot at Owens late last night and her mother entering the room at that moment received the bullet and fell dead. The Reed woman then jumped into a cistern with suicidal intent, but was rescued by a fireman.

BURNED BY ELECTRICITY.

Logansport, Ind., Sept. 20.—Having worked so long around electrical machinery that he finally became careless, Harry E. Rollings, an expert electrician, sent here from Cincinnati by the Bullock Electric company to install the sub-station power plant of the Fort Wayne and Wabash Valley company, yesterday afternoon came in contact with a high tension wire charged with a voltage of 3,000 and was almost burned to a crisp.

Miss Bertha Sackett, of Fostoria, O., is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Egan.

LONDON JEWS IN TERRIFIC RIOT

Orthodox Hebrews Attack the Socialists on Day of Atonement

MANY INJURED IN MELEE

Police Charge Mob and Large Number are Haled Before a Magistrate.

London, Sept. 20.—The day of atonement was marked in London by serious rioting in the Jewish quarter of the east end.

More than 2,000 Jews engaged in a disturbance and nearly 300 police had to be called out before the disorder was quelled.

The trouble arose over the action of non-conforming members of a social-democratic Jewish club at Spitalfields, situated in the heart of a district containing about 20,000 Jewish inhabitants.

The socialists openly paraded in disregard of the fasting injunction and made a celebration with wines at the club house.

The orthodox Jews were angered and surrounded the club house and stoned it. The socialists threw bottles at the crowd and soon the two or three narrow streets in the vicinity became choked by a fighting mob.

Ambulances were called out and the doctors had many minor cases to attend to. Finally the police quelled the disturbance, cordoned off the riotous area and made several arrests.

Excited groups of orthodox Jews, however, continued to parade the streets and the houses of several socialist Jews were stoned.

The magistrate, in sentencing the various rioters at the local police court, said it was "deplorable that a class of persons who for centuries have been distinguished by the fiercest persecution should, when in the one free country in the world, turn upon those who disagreed with them upon religious grounds and stone and persecute even their co-religionists."

CLERK WILL SUE COUNTY.

Portland, Ind., Sept. 20.—E. V. Fitzpatrick, former clerk of Jay county, who was charged with a shortage of \$722, has refunded this sum under protest and is bringing suit against the county to recover it, with \$2,500 additional alleged to be due him in the shape of per diem. The county commissioners are to be enjoined from allowing experts the \$6,000 in commissions claimed for their work.

GAS WRECKS HOUSE.

McConnellville, Ohio, Sept. 20.—A natural gas explosion today wrecked the fine residence of Mrs. C. B. Burchholter and seriously burned Mrs. Burchholter.

The Misses Ella Gorman, Nora, Della and Lula Kratzsch, Clara Heine, Tillie Stearner and Tena Walda are spending the week in St. Louis.

DANGEROUS CRANK SEEKS PRESIDENT

Lunatic, Who Says He Died Six Years Ago and Went to Heaven in an Automobile, Arrested.

REEVES WAS MAKING FOR ROOSEVELT HOME

Oyster Bay, Sept. 20.—A man who is regarded by the secret service officers and by the authorities of Oyster Bay as a dangerous crank, was apprehended here today.

He is J. E. Reeves, a medium-sized, roughly attired man about forty years of age. He was making his way to Sagamore Hill when he was arrested. He told Officer Tyree, who apprehended him, that he wanted to see the president on important business. Believing from the man's manner that he was insane, Officer Tyree took him before Justice Franklin for examination. To the justice Reeves said that six years ago he died in a Jersey City hospital and went to heaven in an automobile.

While there he received an important message for President Roosevelt, which he was directed to deliver personally. He refused to say what the nature of the message was, as he declared he could communicate it to nobody but the president. He declared to the justice, however, that he had written a book on his experiences in heaven which he

desired to have published, as he was satisfied millions could be made out of it. The president, he said, undoubtedly would join with him in securing the publication of the work, and that was one reason why he wished to have a talk with him.

Reeves, who talked as if he had enjoyed some educational advantages, said that he was a resident of Baltimore. He had gone from that city to Hagerstown, Md., and then to Washington to see the president. Learning there that President Roosevelt was in Oyster Bay Reeves returned to Baltimore and made his way to Philadelphia, New York, Jersey City and Hempstead, L. I. He arrived here today from Hempstead. He had in his pockets \$2 in cash and some unimportant papers, but no weapons.

Justice Franklin after the examination, being convinced that the man was insane and very likely dangerous, deputized one of the secret service men to take him to Mincola, where a formal inquiry into his mental condition will be held.

EXTRA --- WEDNESDAY

ANOTHER GREAT BATTLE IS NEAR

Japanese Advancing on Mukden and General Kuropatkin is Ready

MUKDEN, Sept. 21.—A great battle is imminent here. The Japanese are advancing with eight and possibly nine divisions.

GREAT FIGHT IS NEAR.

TOKIO, Sept. 21.—Noon.—The impression is growing generally that an engagement will soon take place at Mukden. General Kuropatkin is evidently preparing to make a determined resistance to any attempt to dispossess him and is intrenching and constructing defenses.

He has an immense force available. Both armies are now rested and have recovered from the effects of the fight at Liao Yang. They are in condition to fight and the weather is favorable for military operations.

STRIKE IN ITALY LESS MENACING

Industrial Protest Spreads to New Parts, But Disorder Subsides.

Rome, Sept. 20.—A twenty-four-hour strike has been inaugurated at Florence, Leghorn, Naples, Venice, Siena, Carrara, Ascoli and Novara, while the strike has come to an end at Ancona, Forli, Como and Genoa, where railroad traffic has been regularly resumed. At Genoa the workmen, including those employed about the harbor, have resumed work and the night passed tranquilly. An affectionate demonstration for the army was made, but a deplorable incident happened as the carriage of General Escard passed a group of strikers. The latter tried to stop the carriage, but this was prevented by the police, who started to arrest the aggressors. These rebelled, striking one of the officers over the head and trying to disarm him. The policeman who was struck, in defending himself, shot dead his principal assailant. The strike at Milan continues, but the shops of this city are open and the railway service is regular.

NEWSPAPER BURNS OUT. Anderson, Ind., Sept. 20.—The plant of the Anderson Herald was almost totally destroyed by fire between 1 and 2 o'clock this afternoon. The loss is estimated at from \$25,000 to \$30,000. Edward C. Toner, president of the Herald Publishing company, and editor of the paper, says he holds insurance policies aggregating \$16,000.

ACTOR DIES IN RICHMOND.

Louisville, Ky., Sept. 20.—A special from Richmond, Ind., says: Percy Wilson, of New York, a member of a company producing the Sign of the Cross, died here today of paralysis.

WILL START CARS ON NEW TRACTION LINE

Regular Service on Ft. Wayne, VanWert and Lima Road Begins Tomorrow.

Regular car service will be inaugurated Wednesday morning upon that portion of the Fort Wayne, Van Wert and Lima traction line which has been completed, the run comprising the portion between Lima and Elida.

Track-laying operations have as yet been confined to the eastern end of the system and temporarily electric current is to be secured from the Lima Electric Railway and Light company. Cars are also leased from the Lima city lines until the inter-urban cars can be secured.

CUMBERLAND VETERANS MEET.

Indianapolis, Sept. 20.—The annual meeting of the Society of the Army of the Cumberland began in this city today. The first business meeting was called to order by General H. V. Boynton, of Washington, D. C., who appointed General James Barnett, of Cleveland, chairman. Informal speeches were made by Mr. Barnett, General Wilmon W. Blackmar, of Boston, commander-in-chief of the G. A. R., and General John J. McCook, of New York.

It is understood that the nominating committee will report favorably on the re-election of General Boynton as president. There will be but few changes in the personnel of the officers of the society.

MANY IN PERIL OF FLAMES.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Fire today destroyed a four-story brick building at 2023-29 Clark street, occupied by the Consolidated Railway Electric Lighting and Equipment company. Two hundred persons were at work in the building when the fire broke out, but all escaped uninjured.

MISSING BOY RETURNS.

Paul Harper, son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph R. Harper, of 330 West Creighton avenue, who left his home mysteriously nearly a week ago, returned Monday evening on a Grand Rapids and Indiana train, and explained that he had merely visited Grand Rapids. His disappearance had greatly alarmed his parents, and there were reports that the boy had been seen at a number of eastern points.

Allen County Courts

THURSDAY.

A few weeks ago George W. Grance, who conducts a general store at Abott, asked Judge Heaton to dismiss a divorce suit filed by Mrs. Grance a short time before, saying that all marital differences had been adjusted and that there would not again be a rupture in the family.

This morning Mary Grance, the wife, filed a second suit and secured a restraining order to prevent the husband from disposing of his personal or real property or from molesting her. They were married in March, 1877, and have seven children, of whom four are minors.

The happenings that brought about the filing of the second complaint occurred Monday night, according to the allegations of the complaint, when the husband came home drunk, took all the things out of the dresser drawers and trampled them under his feet, smashed the glassware, broke up the furniture, chased his wife out of the house to the home of a neighbor, where she spent the night, tore her clothes and used the foulest and most abusive language at his command.

Mrs. Grance alleges that he told her he would get rid of her and have another woman in her place; that he is an habitual drunkard and has threatened to cut her heart out. She also alleges that he has called her vile names in the presence of her children and other people, and accused her wrongfully of infidelity. Alimony in the sum of \$500 is asked and the restraining order was issued. Harper & Eggenmann are the attorneys.

TOOK CHANGE OF VENUE.
In the action of the state on behalf of Cain Baker, who is seeking to recover \$50 from County Treasurer Funk, a change of venue was taken this morning from Judge O'Rourke and Judge James C. Brannan, of Huntington, was appointed to hear the case.

Baker performed work on a ditch in Maumee township for Daniel C. Cope and the latter received the auditor's warrant for \$50 in payment. This order was endorsed to Baker and when he presented it Treasurer Funk declined to pay it because Cope had borrowed \$75 of him and given his note for the amount. The question involved is whether or not the treasurer has the right to withhold the money due Cope from the county to pay an individual indebtedness. Judge J. H. Alken represents Baker and E. V. Harris, Elmer Leonard and Judge R. B. Drebbelbelius appeared for Funk.

SUES FOR SUPPORT.
Elnora Wickliffe filed a suit through A. E. Thomas this morning in which she asks that Benjamin Wickliffe, her husband, be compelled to support her. They were married in December, 1902, and he deserted her, according to her complaint, Sept. 5. She says there is \$50 due him from Allen J. Vesey and asks that it be devoted to her use.

UNDER ADVISEMENT.
Judge Heaton took the divorce case of Goldie Blechele against Harry Blechele under advisement this morning on a technical point raised by Prosecutor Dawson. The law provides that an order must be obtained for a publication in event there is no personal service of a summons upon the defendant if a suit is filed in term time. This suit was filed while court was in session and no order was obtained and the prosecutor contends that the court has no jurisdiction.

GENERAL COURT NEWS.
The divorce suit of Georgie Hauenstein against Harry Hauenstein was on trial in the superior court this afternoon. The county commissioners finished the selection of voting places in the county today and added two to the sixth ward of the city and one to Maumee township.

John McReader was placed on trial this afternoon in Justice Skelton's court on the charge of breaking open a door and destroying a hay rake belonging to Azariah Van Zile.

FRIDAY.

Several suits brought about a year ago by Mary Smith setting up claims to a number of lots in Clark's addition to the city of Fort Wayne, embracing property along Poplar street and in the vicinity of that thoroughfare, were dismissed in the superior court this morning for the reason that she failed to give bond for the costs.

Mrs. Smith based her claim to the property on the fact that she did not join in the deeds conveying it to the original purchasers, alleging that she is the widow of Henry E. Smith who owned the real estate in question and parted with it in 1887. He died in 1901 some place in the east. The lots in controversy were held by purchasers who had paid for them and erected houses and the litigation affected the titles to a dozen or more homes. Judge Heaton overruled a demur-

rer this morning filed yesterday by Prosecutor Dawson in the case of Goldie Blechele against Harry Blechele in which the prosecutor contended there had been no order of the court for publication as required by the statutes. The law governing divorces provides that the clerk may issue the orders and although there is a conflict between the general statutes and the one applying to divorce cases the court held that one law is as good as the other and the case will be heard on its merits tomorrow morning.

DAUGHTER SUES HER MOTHER.
Louise Ryan today brought suit for \$468, which she says is due her for services rendered in the last ten years in caring for her mother, Margaret Ryan. She files a bill in which the services are enumerated and they embrace those of nursing and house-keeping. She alleges she had a contract with her mother, who is old and very feeble. F. B. Colerick is the attorney.

ALLEGES CRUEL TREATMENT.
In a divorce complaint filed this afternoon by Ina Chapman against Charles Chapman, the wife accuses her husband of calling her vile names and of beating and choking her. They were married in April, 1891, and lived together until July, 1903. She asks the custody of their three children and says he has never provided for their support or hers. P. B. Colerick filed the complaint.

GENERAL COURT NEWS.
Georgie Hauenstein was granted a divorce from Harry Hauenstein in the superior court. John McReader, 80 years old, was fined \$5 and costs yesterday by Justice Skelton on the charge of breaking into an empty house on the farm of Azariah Van Zile and destroying a hay rake.

The following jury was struck to try the case of Butz vs. Wolff Bros.: William E. Gerding, Cassius Miller, Frederick Scherer, Calvin Crow, Louis Vanderley, August Martin, Nicholas Snyder, Joseph F. Wertz, Christian F. Koester, Amiel Gladieux, Nicholas Kinder, Vance Lindemuth, Samuel Wann, John Spiller, Henry Gump and Christian Gebert.

August Habig was fined \$1 and costs in Justice Skelton's court on an affidavit filed by Anna Stanger, charging him with assault. The parties live on Buchanan street and the affidavit grew out of a neighborhood row.

Laura E. Johnston was granted a decree of divorce from George W. Johnston on the ground of abandonment.

Judge Heaton heard the arguments for a new trial of the Driver ditch case this afternoon.

SATURDAY.

Goldie Blechele was given a decree of divorce from Harry Blechele in the superior court this morning after a fight on the part of the state to prove that the husband had made several efforts to have his wife live with him. She was a member of "A Hot Old Time" theatrical company and married Blechele, who was stage carpenter, after a short acquaintance.

The company struck the breakers the day after the wedding and she came here to live with her parents. He has been here frequently, but has never offered to support his wife, and according to the testimony of Mrs. William Suttentfield, the mother of Mrs. Blechele, he has threatened to kill her, to disfigure her, and wanted her to go to New York to "rope in" old men for him to rob. He was in police court here several months ago for an alleged assault upon her, but no case was made out against him. Her name of Goldie Suttentfield was restored. The case was brought up several days ago on a question of the jurisdiction of the court on account of failure to procure an order for publication.

GENERAL COURT NEWS.
The will of Elizabeth Becker was probated in the circuit court this morning. She divided her property equally among her children and appointed K. J. Bauer executor of the estate.

Judge Brannan has assumed jurisdiction in the case of Cain Baker against County Treasurer Jacob Funk and will hear the evidence this month.

Arguments were heard yesterday afternoon in the motion for a new trial of the Driver ditch case and the court took the matter under advisement.

MONDAY.

Walpole Stapleton, charged with the theft of a horse and buggy belonging to H. L. McAfee, waived an examination this afternoon in Justice Skelton's court and was held to the circuit court under a bond of \$500, which was signed by his father.

Stapleton was arrested yesterday afternoon by Deputy Sheriff Gladieux and Dassel and gave the name of Harry Staples. He also stated that he found the rig on East Columbia street and took it to ride to his home in Cedar Creek township and intended to abandon it near his residence. When McAfee ascertained that his horse and buggy were missing he telephoned to the six-mile house near Robison park and two

men attempted to stop Stapleton there, but he whipped up the horse, dealt one of the men two stinging blows with his whip and got past them.

Yesterday afternoon a message was received by Sheriff Stout to the effect that Stapleton was near Cedarville and the deputies were sent out after him. Mr. McAfee started out on a wheel in pursuit of the horse and buggy and overtook the turnout, which Stapleton abandoned as soon as he saw there was danger of being apprehended.

GENERAL COURT NEWS.
Charles E. Foster, accused of stealing a bicycle from Benjamin Denner, entered a plea in the circuit court this morning and was let go under a suspended sentence.

Little Stanger was placed on trial this afternoon in Justice Tancey's court on the charge of assaulting Emma Habig.

Martin Kammeyer, charged with assault and battery with intent to kill, and Clarence Berry, accused of the theft of a camera, will be tried in the circuit court tomorrow. The case against Ellen Lille, charged with trespass, appealed from Justice Strass' court, was dismissed by the prosecutor.

Judge Heaton dissolved a temporary restraining order this morning that was secured several weeks ago by Joseph J. Peters to prevent B. F. Bowers from disposing of crops raised on land rented from Peters. This afternoon, on the showing that the attorneys were unavoidably absent, he rescinded the order.

County Clerk Johnson, Auditor Smith and the county commissioners this morning finished the estimates of the number of ballots needed for the next election and placed the figures at 43,980.

TUESDAY.

A compromise was reached this morning in the superior court in a damage suit for \$5,000 filed several months ago by Frederick Butz against Albert, Charles and William Wolff, proprietors of the Wolff clothing house, before the matter was submitted to a jury.

The action was brought to recover damages on account of the death of Butz's son, who was accidentally killed in an elevator in the Wolff establishment. A jury was on hand to try the case, but the firm made an offer to save the expense of litigation and it was accepted. The terms of the settlement were not made public.

CAPT. GALE'S WILL.
A copy of the will of the late Capt. George A. Gale, a former citizen of Fort Wayne, who died a few months ago at Buffalo, was left for probate in the circuit court here yesterday.

Under its provisions William A. Joyce of Buffalo, a nephew, is appointed executor and to Mr. Joyce and to Mrs. Frances M. Ackor, of North Towanda, N. Y., is left the brick store building and lot located on Lafayette street, near Lewis. Mrs. Ackor was a sister of Captain Gale.

Mrs. Mattie Newall, a niece, is to receive a double house and lot on Lewis street, near Lafayette, and at her death the property is to go to her son, Palmer Newall, or his heirs.

The property at the northeast corner of Lafayette and Montgomery streets is devised to Henry P. Gale, a brother, his wife Caroline, and their son Harry, all residing at Buffalo.

The remainder of the real estate in Fort Wayne, left by Captain Gale's wife, Caroline Gale, is willed to Ella J. Plumadore and Jessie Nash, of Fort Wayne; Ada Niece, of Luna, O.; Caroline G. Pageler, of Jeffersonville, Ind., and Georgia Bowers, of Tuxedo Park, Mo.

Money bequests are as follows: George Gale Felton, of Chicago, a nephew, \$2,000; Ellen Jane Willard, a niece, \$2,000; Mary Louisa Gray, daughter of Charles E. Felton, of Chicago, \$8,000.

The remaining real estate and personal property is left to William A. Joyce, of Buffalo.

GENERAL COURT NEWS.
Affidavits were filed this afternoon against Alex. Jaxthelmer, charging him with assault upon Carl and Freda Stimmel. The affidavits grew out of a neighborhood quarrel in the course of which Mr. Jaxthelmer says his mother was insulted by Carl Stimmel and was knocked down for refusing to apologize.

Martin Kammeyer was placed on trial in the circuit court this morning on the charge of assault and battery with intent to kill. The case will probably go to the jury by night.

Pearl Redding, charged with malicious mayhem, was released from jail today on a bond of \$500.

SEES FAULT IN TRADE.

The Hague, Sept. 20.—Queen Wilhelmina reopened the states general today. In the speech from the throne the queen said the home industries of the Netherlands were not competing satisfactorily with foreign enterprise and that the finances of the Dutch Indies and the Netherlands needed strengthening. The queen announced also the forthcoming introduction of bills providing for old age pensions and higher education.

TEN BLUE TRADING STAMPS

Free to everyone starting a book. A free offer, without restriction, regardless of whether you make a purchase or not.

...THE...

PEOPLE'S STORE

We do not think, but WE KNOW there is not another store in Northern Indiana showing such a complete, comprehensive, desirable, well chosen line of general merchandise of high merit, reasonably priced, as is found in this, Fort Wayne's Big, Popular, One-price Store. It's a showing that would do credit to a metropolis of 100,000, and is head and shoulders above anything to be seen in this vicinity. And what is more, anything advertised by us, whether at cut prices or regular prices, will be found upon our counters in plenty of assortment and just as represented. We do not and will not advertise one thing to "draw you on" by a "just out" gag in order to sell a substitute. Strict adherence to these principles is what has placed this business upon the solid foundation upon which it rests—public confidence. Here is a list of Special Bargains for this week which are worth while taking advantage of. They are underpriced, and there's plenty of goods to go around. Yours for

Best Quality

Largest Assortment

Lowest Prices

NEW FALL STYLE

Rain Coats

Absolutely Waterproof, in Oxford or Tan, regular \$12.50 values,
Special at \$7.98 each

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S NEW

Fall Jackets

In Cloth and Silk, regular \$4.50 and \$5 values,
Special at \$2.98 each

LADIES' AND MISSES' FALL

Sweaters

Norfolk or Blouse style, in red, blue, black, white, grey. A fine \$5 value,
Special at \$2.98 each

CHILDREN'S NEW

Fall Jackets

Ages 2 years to 6 years, in all the new fall colors, our regular \$1.50 and \$2 values,
Special at 98c each

YARD WIDE FANCY FIGURED

Curtain Swiss

A regular 15c quality,
Special at 10c yard

NEW ROMAN STRIPE

Couch Covers

Three yards long and fringed all around, regular \$2 value,
Special at \$1.39 each

NEW FALL PATTERNS IN

Axminster Rugs

Size 30x60 in.
Special at \$1.65 each

BEAUTIFUL NEW PATTERNS IN

Axminster Rugs

Size 36x72 in.
Special at \$2.65 each

Fleece Blankets

11-4 size, \$1.50 value,
Special at \$1.19 pair

Fleece Blankets

11-4 size, \$1.25 value,
Special at 89c pair

Fleece Blankets

10-4 size, 89c value,
Special at 59c pair

FINE QUALITY

Brown Muslin

yard wide, 6c goods,
Special at 4c yard

EXTRA GOOD QUALITY

Brown Muslin

yard wide, 7c goods,
Special at 5c yard

EXCELLENT QUALITY.

Cambric Muslin

A regular 10c value,
Special at 7½c yard

THE GENUINE KIND

American Prints

Special at 4c yard

Last Week of the Offer of

65c Worth of Munyon's 25c
Toilet Goods for

It is being done to immediately, thoroughly and pleasantly introduce

Witch Hazel Talcum Powder
—a 25c Package

Witch Hazel Face & Skin Cream
—a 25c Package

With these two is included a 15c cake of the popular

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap

So purchasers pay 15c for the soap they want and only 10c additional for the 50c worth of other things that the Munyon Co. and we know will be wanted continuously, when the trial has introduced them.

The Talcum is delightfully fine and smooth and most deliciously perfumed.

The face and skin cream—beneficial as a lotion and fine to use in massage—is put up in tubes, and not in the usual jars that catch dust.

OUR INTRODUCTORY OFFER

THE THREE FOR 25c

That Means 40 Cents Saved From the Usual Price.

SALE NOW GOING ON.

BE SURE TO GET YOUR SHARE.

ALL THE NEW PATTERNS IN

German Calicoes

Absolutely Fast Color, 12c quality,
Special at 10c yard

NEW FALL PATTERNS IN

German Calicoes

Fast colors, 11c quality,
Special at 8 1-3c yard

READY MADE, FINE QUALITY

Unbleached Sheets

Full 8-4 size, 50c value,
Special at 39c each

READY MADE, GOOD QUALITY

Bleached Sheets

Full 8-4 size, 50c value,
Special at 45c each

BLUE TRADING STAMPS ARE FREE

For every 10 cents spent in any department you get Blue Trading Stamps Free. They are as good as gold, anywhere, everywhere.

LONSDALE OR HILL'S
Bleached Muslins
Choice 7c yard

NEW PATTERNS, BRIGHT

COLORS IN

Comforter Cretonnes

Our regular 8 1-3c quality,
Special at 6½c yard

AMOSKEAG APRON CHECK

Ginghams

The genuine kind,
Special at 5½c yard

NEW FALL PATTERNS IN

Flannelettes

The 15c quality at 12½c yd
The 12½c quality at 10c yd
The 10c quality at 7c yd

ALL WOOL NOVELTY

Granite Cloth

New shades, 50c quality,
Special at 42c yard

FLANNELETTE AND KNIT

Underskirts

In all colors, 39c values,
Special at 25c each

NEWEST DESIGNS IN

Pillow Tops

With Canvas Back,
Special at 23c each

MENNEN'S FAMOUS

Talcum Powder

Special at 12½c box

COLGATE'S PERFUMED

Talcum Powder

Special at 8c box

ARMOUR'S CELEBRATED

Witch Hazel Soap

COLGATE'S POPULAR
Turkish Bath Soap
3 Cakes for 10c

COLGATE'S CELEBRATED

Dental Powder

Special at 14c bottle

BEST GOVERNMENT GRADE

Envelopes

2 packages for 5c

Box Paper

and

Envelopes

Our staple 15c quality,
Special at 10c box

Letter Paper

and

Envelopes

Tinted Shades, 25c quality,
Special at 15c box

Writing Tablets

Note or Letter size, 10c goods,
Special at 5c each

A VERY FINE QUALITY

Feather Proof Ticking

A regular 17c value,
Special at 12½c yard

BLUE TRADING STAMPS FREE
WITH EVERY PURCHASE.

THE PEOPLE'S STORE

BLUE TRADING STAMPS FREE
WITH EVERY PURCHASE.

The Weekly Sentinel.

E. A. M. HACKETT, Editor and Proprietor.
 SUBSCRIPTION In Advance.....\$1.00
 At End of Year.....\$1.50

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 21, 1904.

A dispatch from Pittsburg notes the insanity of a base ball fan in that city. Why is that particular case singled out for special attention. There are others.

"Apostle" Dowie blatantly declared he had the courage to wear the apostolic robes prepared for him upon his assumption of his newer and higher place in his church. After looking at the fearful and wonderful garment as pictured in Chicago newspapers we conclude Dowie used the right word. No quality but courage could have served in such an ordeal.

The Iroquois theater in Chicago, where more than six hundred human beings were sacrificed to flagrant disobedience of the law and culpable failure to enforce the prescribed regulations for the protection of life, has been reopened as a "vaudeville house." Considered from the standpoint of both the practical and sentimental the reopened theater is a poor monument to the tragedy enacted within its walls and strong testimony that the lesson of the sacrifice has soon been lost.

Hon. J. E. McDonald, editor of the Mazonian Banner, always keeps both eyes open as to political conditions in the Twelfth district, and to the Star, of Indianapolis, he gives this hopeful view of the situation: "Jim Robinson has a cinch. I would like to bet a hat that he will be elected by at least 1,000 plurality. Half a dozen elements that were against him two years ago are supporting him now. Noble county will give more democratic votes this year than ever. There are 300 democrats in Allen county who have not been voting the democratic ticket for years, but will do so this year. The republicans of the district are divided and a considerable element is bitterly hostile to Newton W. Gilbert, their candidate for congress, all of which gives Robinson a walkaway."

John Alexander Dowie has proclaimed himself the "first apostle of the Christian Catholic church." Dowie began his career as a preacher. While continuing a preacher he became also a "healer." Then he proclaimed himself a prophet and assumed the title of "Elijah III." Now he has become an apostle, and, so far as any one on the outside can see, self-appointed, self-anointed and self-set up. It is not improbable that when Apostle Dowie discerns in himself high desert to further promotion he will take the only step of advancement remaining and proclaim himself what perhaps he aspires to be. Dowie would not be the first as he would not be the last to proclaim in himself fulfillment of the prophecies that the Messiah will again walk with men upon the earth.

Better evidence of the kind of man this democratic candidate for president is could hardly be found than his letter to the chief of the democratic literary bureau enjoining that in the party campaign book no word be placed reflecting upon the character of President Roosevelt. This is an extract from Judge Parker's letter to George F. Parker, who had chiefly in hand the preparation of the campaign book: "I hasten to beg you to see to it that there is no word in it that reflects upon the personal honor and integrity of President Roosevelt. An Evening Post editorial indicates that but little care was taken in that direction toward myself by the compiler of the republican text-book, but let there

be no rejoinder in kind or otherwise." That is a display of high-minded generosity and courtesy as rare as it is refreshing. Democrats and republicans alike owe Judge Parker a debt of gratitude for this forcible and, as must be, effectual plea for fairness, honesty and courteous consideration in politics.

Two years ago Bird S. Coler came within 8,000 votes of defeating Governor Odell in the New York state election. The figures constitute one of the signs that New York is debatable ground this year and that wise action by the democratic convention which assembled at Saratoga today has an opportunity to do that which will make democratic success in November an end to be hopefully worked for and not a mere claim. The democratic party in New York is in better condition this year than it has been since 1892. The republican party is at least in poorer shape than it was two years ago. While the democrats may in the end lose the state, the right kind of a democratic state ticket will put the party into the fight with an even chance of success and not handicapped by odds that make success impossible.

There are increasing signs of democratic awakening in Indiana and there is good outlook that the promise of a whirlwind campaign in the closing weeks of the fight will be fulfilled. Nothing, so far as we can see, may be considered to have been lost by postponing until the last six weeks of the campaign the real work of trying to carry the election. Organization if not too long kept at work is less likely to become faded and either discouraged or self-satisfied and the party spirit does not wane nor the argument of issues grow stale. Life, energy, aggressiveness count for far more in the ending than in the beginning of a political campaign. It has been said, and doubtless it is true, that Mark Hanna turned the tide of battle toward William McKinley in the last two or three weeks of the great campaign of 1896. The thing is not to consume too much time in the fighting, but to make the fighting count and the democrats have plenty of time to wage the most effective kind of a campaign between now and election.

Jew-baiters in Germany have lately committed atrocities upon the Jewish people of Sasnovitch that make the affair rival the horrors of Kishineff more than a year ago. In the German frontier village the Jew-baiters appear, according to the accounts now at hand, to have indulged their fanatical hatred to the maddest excesses. There was no content with mere murder. Killing was accompanied by every species of atrocity that infuriated fanaticism could devise. There was an effort by the government of the United States to memorialize the Russian government upon the subject of the Kishineff massacres. It met with prompt and decided rebuff. It is not probable that an attempt will be made to memorialize the German government concerning the unspeakable affair at Sasnovitch. More prompt and vigorous initiative in the matter can be expected from the German authorities. Germany is not Russia, though the small section of it comprehended by the boundaries of Sasnovitch is apparently Russian in its manifestations of intolerance and fanaticism.

Prince Herbert Bismarck, whose death is just announced, began in his young manhood a career that promised to make him in time the successor of his great father, the iron chancellor and creator of German unity. He fell much short of measuring up to his father's stature in statesmanship, but that much is true

of all the elder Bismarck's contemporaries and especially true of his successors in the chancellery—Von Caprivi, Hohenlohe and Von Buelow. As the closing years of the great Bismarck's career were made useless and bitter by the hostility of the then young emperor, William II., so the fuller promise of Herbert Bismarck's life was blasted. The showing aside of the mighty statesman who realized for Germans the long dear but long distracted dream of an imperial Germany did not necessarily mean the blocking of the career of the son, but prompted by filial impulses essentially characteristic, the son chose a course that did more honor to his heart than it could be fruitful of high personal distinctions. Left, unhampered in pursuit of the courses to which he had been ably trained by his great parent he doubtless would have far surpassed those statesmen who by the kaiser's favor were called to the high place which Prince Otto Von Bismarck had himself made great.

FOSTER'S LIBERTY DIDN'T LAST LONG

Arrested on Fresh Charge as Soon as Old Case Was Disposed Of.

Charles E. Foster, who was let go in the circuit court Monday morning after having entered a plea of guilty to the charge of stealing a bicycle, was arraigned in police court this morning on the charge of purloining a watch at Fred Oppenheimer's pawn shop. He said he was guilty and was held to the circuit court under a bond of \$200.

Foster was engaged to be married to a young lady at Ridgeville and about the time set for the wedding he was out of a job and committed the two thefts charged against him. He had previously borne a good reputation. After he had taken the bicycle he went to Oppenheimer's for the ostensible purpose of buying a revolver and while the proprietor was waiting on another customer he took the watch.

Robert Richter was fined \$5 and costs for drunkenness.

WEALTHY; DIES IN POVERTY.

San Bernardino, Cal., Sept. 20.—After gradually dying in poverty for months J. P. Cubby, of Pittsburg, lived just long enough to know that he was heir to a \$200,000 estate at Lamelle, Ill. For two weeks attorneys from Illinois have searched for him here. By accident they located him Sunday in a lonely canyon among the San Bernardino mountains, where for two months he had struggled to stay the dread consumption which was sapping his life. He was already in the death agony when found by hunters. They brought the news to Redlands and the description of the dying man was recognized as Cubby. A physician with a party of strong men hastened to the place to bear him out on a litter, which was accomplished after many difficulties. The news revived Cubby and it was thought he would live through the night.

HIGH SCHOOL FOOTBALL.

The schedule of the Fort Wayne High school football team for the season is as follows:
 September 24—Angola at Fort Wayne.
 October 1—Huntington H. S. at Huntington.
 October 8—Huntington H. S. at Fort Wayne.
 October 15—Angola Normal at Angola.
 October 22—Montpelier at Fort Wayne.
 November 5—Goshen H. S. at Fort Wayne.
 November 12—Goshen H. S. at Goshen.
 November 19—Winona Aggies at Fort Wayne.
 November 24—Open.

RUSSIA FUMES AT THIBETAN TREATY

Sweeping Character of Pact With Britain Cause of Deep Irritation.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 20.—1:50 p. m.—With the arrival here of the full text of the British treaty with Thibet the irritation of the Russian press at its sweeping character is more pronounced. The Russ complains that Great Britain has gone beyond her promises concerning the expedition by acquiring a virtual protectorate over Thibet. The paper declares that Great Britain has imposed upon Thibet onerous terms which forbid Thibet to enter into relations with the outside world. In conclusion the Russ says significantly:

"The proclamation of the British protectorate must be regarded as an accomplished fact, but whether it will be real and lasting must depend upon future events in central Asia."

The Novoe Vremya this morning in a sarcastic editorial expresses surprise at the fact that the British newspaper correspondents have been so long in discovering that Germany is helping Russia, adding: "Both Great Britain and the United States ought to follow the example of Germany, which country realized at the outset that the identity of her interests in the far east were with those of Russia."

PARENTS PRAY; BABY DIES.

Marion, Ind., Sept. 20.—William Stephens and wife, believers in divine healing, are said by Prosecutor Dentler to be responsible for the death of their one-year-old baby, which was found dead in the family home Sunday by John Golding, humane officer, and Dr. Brose Horne, city health officer. The parents had been given medicine to administer to the child, but instead of doing as directed, it is alleged, the father threw the medicine in the street. George Stephens, an eighteen-year-old son, who recently recovered from a sick spell, also was denied medical attention. His illness was very severe, but the parents treated him only with prayer. He recovered, but his illness left him a mental wreck. He has been declared insane and sent to the East Haven hospital. Prosecutor Dentler declares he will prosecute Stephens and his wife on the charge of manslaughter.

WHY MURDER IS RAMPANT.

New Orleans, La., Sept. 20.—Because negro labor is scarce on the cotton plantations Mississippi planters will not convict negroes for murder or other crimes. They need them in the fields. Such is an explanation made to Governor Vardaman of the recent increase of crime in the state. The farmers who serve on juries, it was declared, invariably acquit the criminals, with the understanding that the prisoners are to help in harvesting the crop. This disclosure was made by judges of the circuit courts of the state, to whom the authorities had appealed for suggestions. Since last January 500 murders have been committed in Mississippi. Governor Vardaman declared that he has been terrorized by the showing and that he proposes taking radical steps to suppress the crimes, the majority of which were committed by negroes.

MAY INCORPORATE.

It has been proposed to incorporate the Fort Wayne Law Library association and the plan is meeting with growing favor among members of the organization. The matter was discussed informally at a meeting held Monday afternoon in the library of the court house, but action was deferred until a later meeting. Quite a number of members have dropped out since the association was formed several years ago and the plan to incorporate, it is thought, will result in keeping up the membership. The annual meeting was to have been held yesterday, but owing to the absence of several of the officers the meeting was postponed. The association has one of the largest and most complete law libraries in Indiana, comprising some 3,000 volumes.

Postmaster Perce, of Silver Lake, Kosciusko county, has been notified that the government has allowed him a claim of \$6.37, which has been due since his service in the union army during the war of the rebellion.

POPULIST SENDS HIS ACCEPTANCE LETTER

T. H. Tibbles, Candidate for Vice President, Sees Light Ahead.

Lincoln, Neb., Sept. 20.—Thomas H. Tibbles, nominee of the people's party for vice president, mailed his letter of acceptance today to Hon. S. W. Williams, chairman of the nomination committee. The letter was in part as follows:

"We look forward with confidence to the coming of the time, not far in the distance, when the principles of the people's party shall guide the rulers of this nation. The adherents of the people's party come from all classes, wherever a man is found who loves mankind and believes that governments are instituted among men not for the purpose of enabling a few to gather gold and pile it up mountain high, but for the purpose of advancing the human race, bringing gladness to the hearts of all the people, enabling them through the development of the mind to enjoy the delights of the intellectual world and lay up treasures that all the cycles of time cannot corrode. To this work more than a million men have consecrated themselves. They are found among the wealthy and in the ranks of the proletariat, among the professional classes and among the wage-earners, wherever a heart yearns to see our mountains and valleys, our cities and plains inhabited by a people whose heads are clear, whose hearts are loving and whose hands are adept at all things useful. They seek not the advantage of one class, but of all classes. They believe that the principles enunciated in our platform will furnish a foundation for the building up of such a nation and such a people."

IN NORTHERN INDIANA

Ligonier is to have a race matinee Saturday.

While cutting a watermelon, George Ferguson, a farmer near Elkhart, almost completely amputated the third finger of his left hand.

Gerald, the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Bert Wright, of Lancaster township, Huntington county, fell into a watering trough and drowned Saturday afternoon.

Fighting his way through a burning structure, Homer Ray, near Peru, rescued his child from his home, which was destroyed by fire Saturday night.

Although 68 years of age, Alfred Prough, of Elkhart, chased three men who were attempting to beat a board bill, three miles along the St. Joe river Monday morning and forced them to settle.

Saturday evening the large bank barn owned by Deiderick Schelman, who lives two miles west of Hoagland, was completely destroyed by fire, several hundred bushels of

BE SURE TO REMEMBER THAT Our Removal Time IS VERY NEAR

We still have some of those \$15.00 Cravenettes to sell for \$7.95. Also a few of the \$18.00 kind to go at \$9.98. Don't forget our new number—it will be

808-810 Calhoun St.

LEHMAN'S

JAPALAC THE GREATEST Home Beautifier.

A BOON to the good housewife who wishes to make improvements in her home. 13 Different colors 75c Qt.

"IF IT'S IN THE CITY IT'S AT" Meyer Bros. Co. THE BIG DRUG STORE.

MEDICAL

CANCER KILLED IN SIXTY MINUTES. NO KNIFE. NO PAIN. NO CAUSTIC. NO ACID. NO BLOOD. NO RETURN. ONLY ONE TREATMENT REQUIRED. RESULT: THE CANCER IS CURED FOREVER. My professional ability is recommended by leading physicians, as well as by cured patients.

CONSULT FREE DR. C. A. ZIMMERMAN NO. 820 HARRISON STREET FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.

UNSIGHTLY

MOLDS. WARTS. SUPERFLUOUS HAIR. RED VEINS. BLACK HEADS. PIMPLES. AND CANCER. PERMANENTLY REMOVED WITHOUT SCARRING. NO KNIFE. NO CAUSTIC. NO ACID. NO PAIN. NO BLOOD. NO RETURN. CONSULT FREE DR. C. A. ZIMMERMAN NO. 820 HARRISON STREET.

Daniel Brindle, lot 46, Old Plat, for \$60.
 Wm. J. and M. S. Vesey to Chas. F. Hyatt, fri sec 9, Abolt tp, for \$1,700.
 Sanford F. Ort, et al, to Oscar Gandy, e 1/2 nw 1/4, and 15 a off n end w 1/2 nw 1/4 ne 1/4 sec 19, Eel River tp, for \$7,500.
 Oscar and Emma Gandy to Geo. W. Ryan, e 1/2 nw 1/4 and 15 a off n end w 1/2 ne 1/4 ne 1/4 sec 19, Eel River tp, for \$9,600.
 Lewis L. and M. J. Sprague to Elmer E. Sprague, und 1/2 sw 1/4 sec 25, Madison tp, for \$2,000.
 Elmer E. Sprague to Lewis L. and M. J. Sprague, und 1/2 sw 1/4 sec 25, Madison tp, for \$2,000.

The Michigan Central company has rebuilt its hot houses at Niles, Mich., upon a more extensive scale, to meet the constantly growing demand upon them. At all seasons of the year, a nicely dressed porter passes through each car of the passenger trains and places a bouquet in the lap of each lady and these bouquets are made from flowers grown in the Niles hot houses.

\$15

RAINCOATS

\$15

We have sixty styles to show you from \$12 to \$25. All the new things in Worsted and Scotches, but we want to talk a minute about our line of Hart, Schaffner & Marx hand-tailored raincoats at \$15. They are nobby patterns, have concaved shoulders and hair cloth fronts so that they hang gracefully and retain their shape

\$15

Every Garment Guaranteed.

Reuben S. Patterson

The man who gives you the most clothes value for your money.

\$15

LAUNTZ ANNOYED THE WORSHIPERS

Drew a Fine Last Monday for Profane Language--News of Police.

Austin Launtz drew the limit of \$3 and costs in police court Monday morning for using some highly decorated language Sunday morning in the vicinity of the Cathedral with such vehemence that the worshipers inside the church and those on their way were greatly disturbed.

A woman who formerly kept house for Launtz is working at the Otto house and every time he gets drunk he thinks it his bounden duty to relieve his system of all the bad language it contains, choosing as his target either the woman or the proprietor of the hotel. He was fined and sent to jail not long ago for the same offense. A big crowd collected about him yesterday and when he saw Patrolman Dickson he sprinted, but the officer overhauled him.

THE OTHER CASES.
Harry Blair was up for drunkenness and got off under a continuance. He said he had never been arrested before and probably thought the time his daughter had him arrested for stealing her watch did not count.

Frank Jackson, a painter, held a controlling interest in a big jag Sunday morning until Patrolman Brennan took a hand and carted both the jag and owner to police headquarters. He was let go.

John "Never-Sweat" Lee drew \$25 and costs for drunkenness. He was charged with a former conviction.

POLICE NOTES.
Mrs. Lillian Olmstead, of 100 East Wayne street, reported the loss of a pocketbook containing \$57.

Somebody stole a box of cigars from the office of the artificial ice company.

Henry Herman, of 233 East Butler street, wants the police to find out who broke a big window in his residence.

D. J. Phillips reported that somebody stole his watch out of his vest pocket at the Centerville track Sept. 9.

A message from Auburn asks that Clifford Bayless be arrested for taking a base ball uniform that belongs to the club there. The message was not sent by an officer and no attention was paid to it.

Carl Harper, the lad who ran away from his home on West Greighton avenue last week, was seen at Upper Sandusky Saturday. He said he was going to Pittsburg.

GET YOUNG PLUNGER'S CASH.

Evansville, Ind., Sept. 19.—Gustav Helmeke and Sylvester Speiker were arrested by the local police last night on the charge of grand larceny and have been unable thus far to give bail. It is charged the young men secured \$300 at one time from David Becker, aged 24, on the pretense that they would invest the money for him in corn.

Baker admitted to the police that he had given the young men money on several occasions to speculate for him, but they told him the bottom had dropped out of corn and therefore he did not get any returns. The police assert Helmeke and Speiker have gotten between \$5,000 and \$8,000 from Becker since last February. Becker is a clerk in a bank and his father recently gave him \$5,000 to deposit in his own name.

THE BISHOP'S ITINERARY.

Bishop Aldering's fall itinerary is as follows: Confirmations—Kendallville, September 26; East Chicago, October 2; Winamac, October 9; Pulaski, October 10; Monterey, October 11; Goshen, October 18; Marion, October 30; Gas City, October 31; Crawfordsville, November 6; Hesse Cassel, November 20. On Sunday, October 23, the bishop will officiate at the celebration of the golden jubilee of St. Boniface church, Lafayette, and on November 13 will dedicate a new parochial school building at Hartford City. The new St. Vincent's church at Academie will be dedicated this fall, but the date has not been set.

NEW TIME CARD IN EFFECT.

A new time card went into effect on Fort Wayne and Southwestern Monday and under the new schedule the cars will make faster time between Fort Wayne and Wabash. The trip from Wabash to Huntington will be made in fifty minutes and the trip from Huntington to Fort Wayne will be made in an hour and ten minutes. There will be four cars in service instead of five as heretofore, and the fifth car will be used for baggage and express. Cars will leave the city on the hour, beginning at 6 a. m. and the last car at night will leave here at 10 o'clock.

CHURCH MAY NOT DISBAND.

As the result of the efforts of Dr. Curtis, of Indianapolis, state missionary secretary, it is altogether probable that the South Congregational church will continue its organization.

Dr. Curtis talked to the members of the church Sunday and was successful in having a reconsideration of the decision to disband. He will remain in the city this week and assist in collecting funds to liquidate the church's indebtedness.

MAKES LUCKY OIL STRIKE.

Hartford City, Ind., Sept. 19.—The Southern Oil company has broken the hoodoo that has been over it the past summer and to the surprise of the oil fraternity has struck a big well on the Morton lease in the Godfrey reserve. The well was shot Friday and will make 100 barrels. The Southern concedes the strike to be unusually lucky, as it is the second company to find oil in paying quantities on the famous Godfrey reserve, which has sent many an operator to the wall. Until this strike the Diamond Oil company, of Indianapolis, was the first and only concern that ever discovered oil on the entire tract of 2,700 acres.

LOUISE'S AFFINITY FICKLE.

London, Sept. 19.—A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Vienna says the Emperor Francis Joseph, in an interview with Prince Philip of Coburg, suggested the desirability of the latter putting a definite end to his unhappy relations with his wife, Princess Louise, who was rescued from a lunatic asylum and eloped with Lieutenant Mattiasch. Dr. Pierson, who was the jangler of Princess Louise, in an interview declared that Lieutenant Mattiasch had transferred his affections to Mme. Stoeger, a companion of the princess.

HELD A MISSION FEAST.

The annual mission feast of Redeemer English Lutheran congregation was held Sunday afternoon in Swinney park grove. English addresses were made by Rev. Theodore Hahn, pastor of Redeemer church, and by Rev. J. H. Witte, of Alameda, Cal. Director Lucke, of Concordia college, made the German address. About 1,000 people were in attendance, and upwards of \$100 was raised for mission purposes.

FARM BARN BURNED.

A barn belonging to Henry J. Hoebel, of Adams township, was struck by lightning during the storm early Sunday morning and was burned to the ground. The season's hay crop and many farm implements were stored in the building and these were destroyed. The loss is \$1,000, partly covered by insurance.

CONRAD-SCHURMAN.

Miss Ada Schurman and William G. Conrad were united in marriage Sunday afternoon at the parsonage of Wayne street M. E. church by Rev. Asher S. Preston. Miss Jennie Conrad and Louis Gocke were the attendants. A wedding reception was held in the evening at the home of the groom's brother, C. M. Conrad, of Degroff street, where the couple will reside for the present.

Rev. J. Webster Bailey, state Christian Endeavor president, has received a letter from E. H. Clifford, stating that the latter will be unable to accept the office of state secretary, tendered him on Saturday. It is probable that Miss Florence Lanham, of Indianapolis, will be tendered the place, made vacant by the resignation of Miss Anna Minnick.

THE BIRTH RECORD.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Hiram Drummond, of South Broadway—a son.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. George Noll, of Wayne township—a son.

A CASE OF IT

MANY MORE LIKE IT IN FORT WAYNE.

The following case is but one of many similar occurring daily in Fort Wayne. It is an easy matter to verify its correctness. Surely you cannot ask for better proof than such a conclusive evidence.

C. J. Noll, of 115 Barthold street, butcher, employed at H. Strodel's meat market, at Fort Wayne, says: "When working in Frenchtown I had an attack of kidney complaint and though I tried every known remedy I was unable to get rid of it. I heard about Doan's Kidney Pills and got a box at Meyer Bros. Co.'s drug store. Before I took these pills I was greatly troubled with backache. I could rest at night in only one position and when I was up it was impossible to stoop. The kidney secretions were discolored, had bad odor and at times I grew very dizzy. I commenced feeling better as soon as I started taking Doan's Kidney Pills and by the time I had finished the first box I was entirely cured."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S. Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

NO MERCY SHOWN BY EITHER SIDE

Port Arthur Attacked and Defended With Bloody Zeal
by Jap and Russ.

RED CROSS FLAG FIRED ON

An Officer from Beleaguered
Fortress Brings Tale of
Extreme Horror.

Chefoo, Sept. 19.—According to Lieutenant Prince Radzivil, of the Russian army, who has reached here from Port Arthur bearing dispatches from Lieutenant General Stoessel to General Kuropatkin, the temper of the belligerents at Port Arthur has reached an absolutely merciless stage.

Prince Radzivil served with the British in the Boer war, and he says that until he became aware of the state of affairs at Port Arthur he had no idea that war could be so horrible.

TRUE FLAGS USELESS.

It has been reported that serious suspicions were entertained by each side that the other was misusing the Red Cross flag. These suspicions have been increased by the commission of various acts by the soldiers of both armies, until now even flags of truce or surrender are not respected by either side.

Prince Radzivil declares that the men of both armies are absolutely venomous in their antagonism. General Stoessel has addressed his garrison, saying that the present mood of the Japanese indicates clearly the necessity of resisting them to the last drop of Russian blood, because if the Japanese soldiers entered the fortress it undoubtedly would be impossible for their officers to control them and prevent a massacre.

For this reason General Stoessel is making no objections to civilians leaving Port Arthur. When the 300 women who are in Port Arthur engaged in hospital work were advised to leave they replied that they would rather face the possibility of massacre than desert their posts.

DEAD LIE UNBURIED.

In consequence of the fact that flags of truce are ignored, numbers of Japanese dead who have been lying on the slopes of the hills of the northeast defenses for weeks past are still unburied, and the stench in Port Arthur from decomposing bodies, when the wind is in the right direction, is almost unendurable. The Russian soldiers, who are in some cases posted only fifty paces from heaps of decaying dead, have constantly to wear over their noses handkerchiefs soaked in camphor, as otherwise they would be unable to remain at their posts.

In the course of the assaults which took place in the four last days of August two companies of Japanese soldiers, according to Prince Radzivil, found themselves at the mercy of the Russians and hoisted a white flag. To this, however, the Russians paid no attention and continued to volley rapidly into the helpless ranks of the enemy. In the meantime Japanese troops in the rear of the companies that had raised the white flag saw what their comrades had done and expressed their disapproval of the surrender by firing into their rear. As a result of this fire from friend and foe 800 men were annihilated. The dead fell among the decomposing bodies of previous assaults.

PLEAS FOR HELP USELESS.

For days afterward the wounded men in this area raised fluttering handkerchiefs in their hands in pleas for help, but the Russians were afraid to venture out to give succor. Within a week the last arm had made its final unregarded prayer for help, and the shambles was a quiet but ghastly field of horror. Among the heaps of dead the prince saw two soldiers, one a Russian and the other a Japanese, lying locked in a death embrace. The teeth of the Japanese were sunk in the Russian's throat, while the Russian had forced two of his fingers into the eye sockets of his antagonist.

The prince cited this merely as an incident denoting the ferocity of the conflict at Port Arthur.

PLENTY OF FOOD AND POWDER.

Continuing his interview, the prince said: "The stories in circulation concerning the shortage of ammunition and provisions at Port Arthur are not true. There is an abundance of ammunition for both large and small arms and plenty of preserved food. The use of Chinese shells was merely a saving measure."

"I tell General Stoessel in the best of spirits. He is encouraged by the heroic example set by the wounded men, of whom 5,000 out of the original 8,000 in hospital have returned to the front."

There has been no fighting since

Sept. 1, with the exception of artillery and outpost exchanges.

"The Japanese shells have done great damage to the hospital and other buildings in Port Arthur, but the losses of life from these bombardments have been very slight."

MME. STOESSEL WORSHIPED.

Mme. Stoessel, wife of the general, is at the head of the Red Cross work in Port Arthur. She is in constant attendance at the hospitals, and cares tenderly for the wounded men. In addition to this exhausting work she finds time to give succor to orphans and widows and to superintending the making of bandages. The soldiers consider her their guardian angel.

"The garrison is maintaining a strong and devoted martial spirit, and has great confidence in General Stoessel, who is cheered by the men when he rides along the lines."

"The newspaper Kevikrai has been suppressed for one month for having published matter considered to be detrimental to Russian interests."

WOUNDS EIGHT AND DIES.

"Individual acts of heroism during the fighting have been numerous, and the tragic death of Lieutenant Petroff was for long an absorbing topic of conversation. Petroff became surrounded by some Japanese soldiers, whom he fought successfully till his sword broke. He then used his fists upon the Japanese, but their bayonets quickly put an end to his resistance. Before his sword broke Petroff succeeded in incapacitating eight of his antagonists, but he was wounded all over the body."

"One company of Russian troops was occupying a perilous outpost. When the soldiers found their position to be untenable they sent the following message to General Stoessel: 'We are unable to hold this position.'"

ORDERED TO DIE AT POST.

"But you can die," he said in reply, and so they did."

"The fact that the Japanese have on several occasions used explosive bullets has been verified by General Stoessel. He gives an instance which occurred at Takushan when two men of the Sixteenth regiment were killed by such bullets, their bodies being blown to pieces."

"On Sept. 14 the bodies of 2,000 Japanese soldiers were discovered between fort No. 2 and fort No. 3. The stench from the decomposed bodies attracted investigation. The Russian authorities admit that they are not able to explain what engagement resulted in this slaughter."

Prince Radzivil gives another version, from hearsay, concerning the two companies of Japanese troops that surrendered. According to this version a Japanese battery fired on the two companies when the white flag was raised, whereupon the two companies turned and charged the battery.

According to this same version Gen. Nogi, who happened to be present, was killed in this charge of his own men, as were several of the Japanese gunners.

Persistent Chinese rumors have been received here lately to the effect that a successor to Gen. Nogi has arrived at Port Dalny, but this is denied by local Japanese.

RAN JAPANESE BLOCKADE.

Prince Radzivil, another Russian officer, two civilians, and one woman, the wife of a Russian staff officer, left Port Arthur the night of Sept. 19 on a junk and arrived here last night.

Prince Radzivil got into Port Arthur a fortnight ago, carrying dispatches from Gen. Kuropatkin to Lieut. Gen. Stoessel. When he landed in this port he gave an assumed name.

The prince and the officer accompanying him brought out dispatches and mail matter from Port Arthur weighing in all eighty pounds. They were successful in escaping the vigilance of the Japanese.

Russian civilians who have reached here from Port Arthur say that canned corn beef is plentiful there, and that the fresh meat supply consists of twelve horses slaughtered daily.

Life in the town when no bombardment is going on proceeds much as it did in times of peace. Church services are held as usual in the dismantled church, and the band follows the former custom of playing in public twice a week.

DOG STARVES BY DEAD MASTER.

Butte, Mont., Sept. 19.—Starved to skin and bones, weak and almost dead from its long vigil, a faithful dog was found standing guard over the body of its dead master in the Idaho mountains. Some time ago James A. Nesbit, a once brilliant Virginia politician, wandered away from home and was lost in the woods. He had shown signs of dementia. A search party was organized and it came upon the dog in a lonely retreat. The animal was fed and will be taken care of by a member of the party who was deeply impressed by its loyalty.

FINDS HIDDEN CRETAN CITY.

New York, Sept. 19.—Miss H. Boyd, who was sent out by the Pennsylvania Archaeological society to make investigations and excavations for ancient cities in Crete, was a passenger on the steamer Pannonia, which arrived today from Trieste, Fiume and Palermo. Miss Boyd said that

she found a hidden city in Crete and had brought with her many specimens for the society. This is her second trip for exploration.

WEDDED AT LAGRANGE.

Miss Alice P. Askill and Charles Steward, of this city, were united in marriage Sunday afternoon at the home of the groom's mother in LAGRANGE, returning to Fort Wayne in the evening. For the present they will reside at the home of the bride's father, W. F. Gaskill, at 1320 Hanna street.

ORGANIZE DRUM CORPS.

The Jefferson club is preparing to organize a drum corps and an outfit of fifteen drums has been ordered from a Chicago firm. A meeting to organize the corps will be held some time in the near future.

**KISHINEFF HORROR IS
REPEATED IN GERMANY**

Fanatical Rioters at Sasnovitch Violate the Bodies of Their Victims.

Berlin, Sept. 19.—The Russian crusades against the Jews have penetrated to Germany, according to information obtained today, which details occurrences in Germany rivaling the deeds of the Jew baiters in Russia. This information has reached the world by channels similar to that through which came the news of the Kishineff slaughter.

There was a riot at Sasnovitch one week ago today, it is reported. News of this outbreak evidently has been successfully suppressed by the German officials, the first information concerning it being that received today. How this was accomplished in Germany, where the press enjoys a large measure of freedom, is not understood here.

BLOOD FLOWED IN GUTTERS.
Jews were murdered in the streets of Sasnovitch and blood flowed in the gutters like a stream. The dead are over fifty and the wounded, while not known, reach hundreds. More than 100 were left for dead or believed to have been mortally wounded.

Sasnovitch, where the riot is reported to have occurred, is a small city in the province of Prussia, in Germany, near the Russian border. The population of the place is made up of Jews, Germans and Russians. The riots began at sunrise on Sunday one week ago and continued until the rioters were exhausted. Bodies of victims were dismembered. The rioters used axes and knives to chop off arms and legs, the severed members being tossed to the dogs in the streets.

In one instance it is reported the arms of a sexton of a synagogue were twisted from his body by his assailants, and the wounded who were carried to hospitals were maltreated after reaching the institutions.

BODIES ARE PROFANED.

The bloodthirsty mob fell upon the Jewish quarter after sunrise, and whenever it encountered a Jew pursued him and stabbed him in the back or shot him down as he was making his escape.

The bodies of those who were killed by shot were left to lie in the street until the second mob, carrying knives, would come along. With their sharp blades they severed hands, legs and feet. Fragments of these bodies were hurled to dogs, which followed the mob.

A Jewish woman named Gelsenzer, who was the mother of five children, fought desperately and pleaded for her children's sake that her life be spared. She was stabbed fifty-eight times and dismembered.

Although the Jewish quarter was so terrorized that every man was afraid of his life, men went to the rescue of the woman, but she died a few minutes after she had been carried into the nearest house.

One detachment of the mob stole into a large synagogue and caught the sexton, a man named Sherer, who fought them. They caught hold of his leg and his arms and with the strength of four men at each arm and leg, twisted his arms from the shoulders.

CHOP FINGERS OF LIVING.

A business man named Leipner had his fingers chopped off on a block, and with another blunt instrument one man knocked his teeth out. Victims of the slaughter were chopped and dismembered so that identification of the corpses by friends was almost impossible.

The massacre lasted all day and ended only when the mob was exhausted. In the darkness of the night the Jews gathered up fragments of bodies and buried them, while the surviving wounded were taken to hospitals.

There they were ill treated in the hospital and it is expected that few can recover. Many have died.

Assertions are made that the chief of police of Sasnovitch, knowing the massacre was planned, detailed his men to another section of the city on a pretext that their services were needed there, thus permitting the slaughter to continue without interference.

DEMOCRATS GETTING FINE ORGANIZATION

Party in Allen County is Now
in Excellent Working
Order.

Allen county democracy has never enjoyed a more thorough or effective party organization than that which is now being effected by Chairman Smith and his strong staff of active lieutenants, and the most encouraging reports reach party headquarters daily concerning the active interest and united enthusiasm of the rank and file of the party all over the county.

"We are working hard to bring the party organization up to the highest possible state of efficiency," said Chairman Smith on Monday, "and we have been more than highly pleased with the progress that is being made. There will be a thoroughly efficient party organization in every precinct in Allen county within a few days, and every outlook is most hopeful."

The city members of the democratic central committee have been called to meet Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock, and there will be a meeting of the general committee Saturday afternoon at the party headquarters.

A ROOSEVELT CLUB.

A Roosevelt club has been organized among the railroad men, with officers as follows:

President—M. W. Kemp, of the Pennsylvania road.
Vice Presidents—R. G. Thompson, of the Wabash; William Watterson, of the Nickel Plate; Frank Garrison, of the C. H. & D.; John McMullen, of the L. E. & W., and D. C. Early, of the Fort Wayne Iron and Steel mills.

Secretary—J. E. Cramer.
Treasurer—V. H. Wendt, of the Nickel Plate.

Executive Committee—Hugh Hagan, Charles Stapleford, Harry McMullon, Elmer Young, E. F. Needham, Charles Zimmer, H. G. Granger, Joseph Hutzell, William Rundell, Theodore Thleme.

A GOLDEN WEDDING.

The golden wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Neal, former residents of Jefferson township, this county, was appropriately celebrated September 9 at their home in Hamilton, Mo. The aged couple will be well remembered by many old friends in this county. Mr. and Mrs. Neal were united in marriage September 9, 1854, in Darke county, Ohio, and twelve years later they removed to Missouri. In 1874 they located in Allen county, Ind., but after six years returned to Missouri, where they have since resided. Mr. Neal is 73 years of age and his estimable wife 68, both enjoying excellent health. Six children survive, and all were present at the recent golden wedding celebration, those from Fort Wayne including Mrs. W. F. Geller, Mrs. C. J. Neal and Mrs. E. Lesh, all of whom were accompanied by their husbands. In addition to numerous other presents, the aged couple was presented with a purse of nearly \$100 in gold, the address being delivered by W. F. Geller, of this city. Mr. Geller also made the wedding cake for the celebration. It was fourteen inches in diameter, six inches thick and weighed ten pounds. Handsome decorations and appropriate inscriptions covered the top.

Robert Strauss, for many years a resident of Noble county, died Saturday at his home in Avilla from cancer.

Mrs. H. M. Knell, an Elkhart woman, sixty years of age, has invented a carpet sweeper that will reach the edges and corners of a room.

The fruit display at the state fair was the largest ever shown there. The prizes for county display were distributed as follows: Lagrange, first; Johnson, second; Noble, third, and St. Joseph, fourth. It will be seen that northern Indiana captured three out of the five prizes.

Earl Johnson, a young hiveryman at Btina Green, Kosciusko county, who was accused of having set fire to the stable of a competitor, has been acquitted of the charge. The case came to a sudden termination in court at Warsaw when Judge Royce declared the evidence against young Johnson was insufficient and instructed the jury to return a verdict of not guilty.

LAST GAME OF SEASON.

The closing game of the season of the Fort Wayne Shamrocks will be played at League park next Sunday afternoon and the opposing team will be the Auburns. The Shamrocks will play at South Whitley on Saturday afternoon.

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COUGH
DON'T DELAY
TAKE
KEMP'S
BALSAM
THE BEST COUGH
CURE**

Cures Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and a cure for Consumption in first stages. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by dealers everywhere. Price 50 cents and 10 cents.

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PRIDE OF ANCESTRY NERVES THE REDOUBTABLE JAPANESE

Why is it that the Japanese, as their enemies attest, present the extraordinary spectacle of men fearless of death and insensible to pain? We call the spectacle extraordinary because it is exhibited not only by individuals, but by a nation in arms, says the New York Sun. The rank and file, drawn principally from the agricultural and trading masses, seem animated with the dauntless temper of their officers, who, together with the privates of the imperial guards, are recruited exclusively from the Samurai, the descendants of the two-sworded men that constituted the retainers of the great nobles under the feudal system which throughout Japan was still in full vigor less than forty years ago.

It is not only by precept and example that the Samurai have infused their spirit into the bulk of the army—it is also to some extent by terror, for the Japanese agriculturist or tradesman is immeasurably more afraid of his own officers than he is of his Russian opponents. The question, therefore, which we have to answer is, What has given the Samurai in particular and the Japanese soldiers in general their incomparable courage?

The answer is to be found in Shintoism, the indigenous religion of Japan, the cardinal tenet of which is ancestor worship, and in the Bushido, or ethical code, which makes of shame the most awful penalty.

DEATH WORSE THAN DISGRACE

There is one thing which even the Samurai fear, and that is disgrace. They shudder at the very thought of shame, because of the dreadful and irremediable effect which ignominy incurred by themselves will produce upon their descendants. We are wont to think that death ends for us our responsibility to our families. In Japan it only begins then.

This view of the posthumous relation of a man to his children accounts for a practice which has often puzzled foreigners. It is customary for the mikado to ennoble a subject who has died or who has only a few hours to live. The same assumption that between a father and his male offspring exists an indestructible solidarity explains the phenomenal loyalty which the Japanese exhibit toward their emperor. In their eyes the mikado is the living representative of the first imperial ancestor and contains in himself all the virtues and all the powers of his progenitors. The veneration with which they regard him marks them off from all other people.

The restoration of the emperor's temporal authority and the assimilation of western civilization have in no wise weakened the sentiment. Religion is no bar to it; neither is agnosticism. The Christian convert and the Free Thinker alike reverence the mikado. Their traditional loyalty has been unshaken because their thoughts and lives continue to be shaped by ancestor worship.

It should be obvious that the moral effect upon a soldier's conduct of knowing that his descendants will meet so many times every year to talk over his meritorious deeds must be enormously potent. The injunction "Never degrade in any way the good name of the ancestor" is always present in his mind.

Present also is the firm belief that any act of heroism or of devotion to his country will lift the doer to a pre-eminent position in the esteem of those who will come after him and who periodically will assemble to commemorate his deeds. Incomparably difficult must it be to perform a cowardly action when a soldier knows that not only are the eyes of his comrades on him, but also the eyes of all his forefathers and of all his male posterity.

Considered in connection with the teachings of the ethical code named Bushido, which holds up shame as the greatest punishment conceivable, the effect of ancestor worship upon Japanese troops cannot be exaggerated.

WOULD BE GOOD ANCESTORS.
To prepare one's self to be a good ancestor and never to disgrace in any way the good name of one's own ancestors—that is the formula, the adoption and application of which has had such striking consequences in the present war. Since the Arab fanatics who followed to victory the generals of the first caliphs the world has never known warriors so eager to meet death.

Moreover, the Arab converts to Islam were flesh eaters, to whom danger was no novelty, for they had been accustomed to lead a predatory life. The rank and file of the mikado's army, on the other hand, are largely drawn, as we have said, from agriculturists, who as practical vegetarians have been unused to sea bloodshed. In the face of peril they might have been expected to evince a certain amount of hesitation and timidity. But here the electrifying effect of ancestor worship comes in.

They simply were not to leave the heritage of dishonor to their children. Shame is a more appalling thing than death. A people in whom such a sentiment is ingrained can be vanquished only by vastly superior numbers. It can be exterminated, but can hardly be conquered in a fight on anything like equal terms.

ILLICIT STILL IN A CHURCH.

As the result of anonymous information, some custom officers climbed into the spire of an ancient church at Quezac, in the south of France, and after a careful search found a still, which, although dating from the seventeenth century, was yet in a perfect state of preservation and capable of being worked. Naturally the requirements of the law with regard to apparatus of this description had not been complied with in this case, but who was the offender? The vicar in charge of the building? The sacristan who visited it weekly?

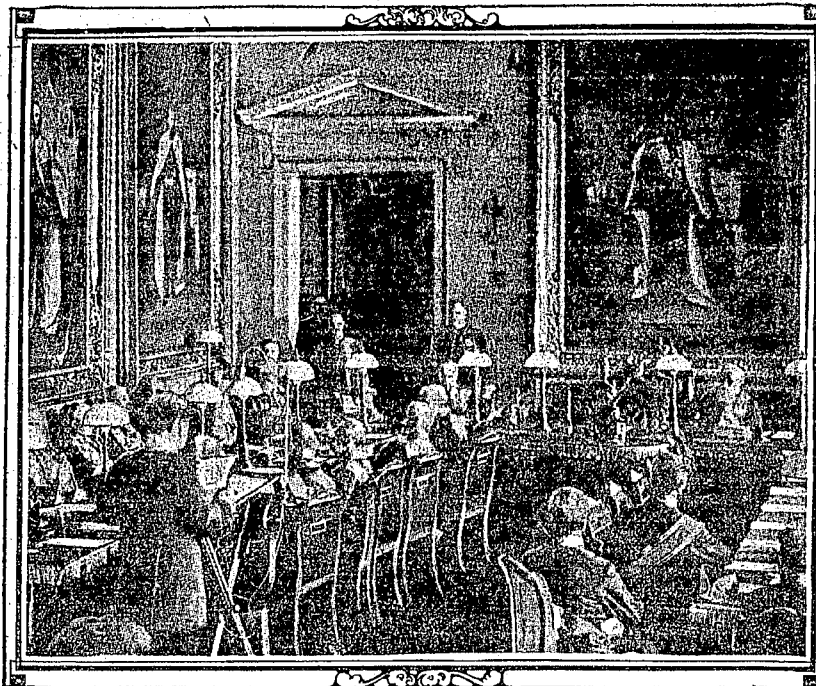
Interrogated, the former declared that he had only recently come into the parish and had never set foot in the spire. He was, therefore, totally ignorant of the existence of the incriminating vessel. The sacristan, however, could not allege so valid an excuse, and, his explanation not being considered satisfactory, he will be proceeded against.

STATE FAIR ATTENDANCE.

Indianapolis, Sept. 17.—The attendance at the state fair this week was from 115,000 to 125,000 practically all the visitors being from Indiana. The exposition was a record breaker in point of attendance. This is the closest estimate the fair management can make at this time and it includes not only paid admissions, but about 2,000 exhibitors and their helpers and those who were admitted on passes. The fair may show receipts amounting to \$50,000, the income being from gate and grandstand sales, privileges and entry fees in various departments.

Captain and Mrs. J. H. Rohan are visiting relatives in Chicago.

A Ceremony Recently Necessary in Russia



According to a custom that has almost become a law in Russia, whenever the stork visits the imperial household, bringing an heir to the throne, the members of the council of the empire and chief nobility are gathered together to receive official notification of the fact.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY SETTLES SOME OLD SCORES IN BOOK

New York, Sept. 17.—While Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley's autobiography, "Forty-Five Years Under the Flag," just issued by the Messrs. Appleton, is not unique, it is exceptional.

Others before him have recorded the stories of their own lives in the third person, a conceit that has its advantages. The average reader does not fancy continuous contact with the irrepressible ego, even when it spells a name writ large on the scroll of fame.

Its suppression, however, is exceptional, as has been said, the majority following Julius Caesar's example and emphasizing the fact that it was "I" who came, "I" who saw and "I" who conquered.

CRITICAL AND HISTORIC.

Rear Admiral Schley's work is critical as well as historic and he does not mince words, particularly when he seeks to justify conduct on his own part that has been the subject of adverse comment. And through it all, according to the preface, he is animated by a "spirit of fairness, without malice, bearing in mind that wherever it has been necessary to refer to apparent inconsistencies in the statements of others, the author has endeavored always to avoid unnecessary harshness."

The preface also brings out the fact that Secretary John D. Long of the navy refused to place papers at the writer's disposal, which afterwards became accessible under the administration of William H. Moody. These papers, the rear admiral "has been pleased to find" verified almost to the day and the hour his memory of many circumstances, "so intercalated were events impressed upon him at the time of their occurrence."

ONCE HE DISOBEYED ORDERS.

The secession of South Carolina found Schley a striping ensign credited to a border slave holding state, and, casting his lot with the union, he fought his ship from the bridge as Captain Schley in the assault upon Port Hudson. And he fought it well, albeit he disobeyed orders, and after the capitulation he had a bad half hour with the grizzled old seadog Farragut, who informed him sharply on the quarterdeck, in the presence of his fellow officers, that he (Farragut) "wanted none of this Nelson business in his squadron about not seeing signals."

In the engagement Schley had ignored an order to withdraw from action. His excuse was that he had been previously ordered to "destroy the citadel" and that the signals "could hardly have been supposed to refer to the writer, whose duty in the premises seemed clear."

And the citadel had been destroyed, which probably accounted for Farragut's subsequent action. He invited the young captain to his cabin, and when the door was closed commended him for not interpreting orders too closely in a time of great emergency, concluding with the invitation: "Will you take a glass of wine, sir?"

Persons of a speculative turn may conjecture what would have been the destiny of Winfield Scott Schley if the citadel had not been destroyed.

ONE-THIRD TO SPANISH WAR.

One-third of the book is devoted to the Spanish-American war, upon which, of course, the writer's fame as a sea commander will rest with posterity. Here, between the lines, and even without going between them at times, it is easy to read that

the iron entered Commodore Schley's soul after Santiago, and that the spontaneous plaudits of a large part of the American people, when he was assailed, did not altogether suffice for its removal. He is human and of a spirit not altogether forgiving.

The Schley-Sampson controversy runs through the book from the now almost forgotten Cienfuegos incident to the Santiago onslaught. SAYS SAMPSON WITHHELD INFORMATION.

Sampson, he declares, at their interview before leaving Key West, failed to inform him fully of the movements of the enemy, so far as they were known to the man who was to be flag officer in the operations before Santiago. The admiral made no mention to him of the fact, he says, that on May 10, after the fruitless bombardment of San Juan, the torpedo boat Porter joined the New York at an arranged rendezvous off Cape Haitien with dispatches from Puerto Plata as follows:

"(1) Maria Teresa and Viscaya in harbor; arrived Saturday; Oquendo, Cristobol Colon, Terror and Pluton outside; only two admitted at time; short of coal and provisions; dirty bottom.

"(2) Inform Admiral Sampson Spanish squadron will sail 8 p.m. meridian; destination unknown.

"(3) Five vessels supposed to be men of war observed off Fort de France, Martinique, May 14, afternoon; Spanish fleet from Cape Verde off Curacao, May 14; Viscaya and Maria Teresa entered into port as reported and to leave Curacao on May 15."

The conclusion is that "if it was good policy for Sampson, who knew when Cervera was to return to Key West, several hundred miles away, it could not have been reprehensible in Schley, who knew absolutely nothing of Cervera's whereabouts, to do the same thing."

UNCERTAIN AND UNDECIDED.

Admiral Sampson's dispatches, he declares further on, "were uncertain in tone and undecided in information."

Continuing on this subject the writer says:

"With no knowledge whatever that a system of signals had been agreed upon until May 24, with orders practically requiring the commander of the flying squadron to be satisfied before sailing that the Spanish squadron was not at Cienfuegos; with what appeared to be more recent intelligence of the movements of the Spanish squadron from Jamaica, with the significant detention of that vessel in Cienfuegos after being permitted to enter; with the implied doubt of the 'probable' presence of the Spanish squadron at Santiago, it is quite evident that the flying squadron would not have been justified in leaving Cienfuegos any sooner than it did. It is even more certain that it would have been a military mistake, in view of what was unknown of Cervera's actual whereabouts at that time."

Of one thing Rear Admiral Schley is sure—namely: that the odds of mistake in any movement of the flying squadron was to be assumed by its commander.

MERRIMAC INCIDENT BLUNDER.

Schley cites the sinking of the Merrimac at the mouth of the harbor as a tactical blunder and points to the destruction of Cervera's fleet as a denouement that proves it. He

is warm in praise, however, of the noble "fellows"—referring to the "jackies" who volunteered to accomplish the order. Of Richmond Ferson Hobson he does not appear to be so sure.

Commander J. M. Miller, a skillful, intelligent, and gallant officer, he writes, had been forced reluctantly to surrender the command of the Merrimac, thus missing the opportunity of a lifetime for distinction.

"In the light of subsequent events," the rear admiral asserts, "it is a matter of congratulation that this bold attempt to block the passage was abortive. If the attempt had been successful in closing the harbor against the ingress or egress, the problem of its ulterior effect upon the navy is full of speculation."

A graphic and vivid account of the battle of Santiago, from the first maneuver to the final shot, is given in the book. It is lengthy, but of a diction framed to set the blood a-tingle and make every American proud of his country and its defenders.

BROOKLYN'S FAMOUS TURN.

Of the Brooklyn's famous "loop," so severely censured, he writes:

"There was no colloquy of any kind, or of any character, with any one at the time about the turn, and none would have been permitted with any officer. That was one of many fictions that grew up among others eight or six months after the fight. Among them was the Texas incident. That ship was never for a moment in the least danger from the Brooklyn. During the turn its distance was never nearer than 500 or 600 yards from the Brooklyn. Some testimony before the court of inquiry, in 1901, placed it at much greater distance. During the turn the starboard of the Texas was never seen from the Brooklyn at all."

SAVED BY THE OREGON.

Declaring that his ship was fighting single handed he confessed that it seemed in danger of defeat until the Oregon sailed into the fight.

"For the next fifteen minutes, with Clark on the Brooklyn's quarter, the fighting was terrific. Both ships were a sheet of flame, fore and aft, and what rapid fire meant was truly realized. Not many minutes had passed in this terrific onslaught before the leading ship of the enemy was observed to be badly hurt and wabbling like a bird wounded, and apparently lagging. Smoke was seen issuing from its ports, and, but a few minutes afterward, from its hatches, in columns mounting straight into the air. It was ominous of its end in the fight, and clear that one of the enemy had been knocked out. It was remarked to Cook, standing near, that 'We have got one. Keep the boys below informed of all the movements. They can't see, and they want to know.' Cook did this every few moments throughout the action, and the cheering that reached the bridge indicated the delight of those below."

WAS TOO GENEROUS.

Referring to his own report of the battle, which generously gave a meed of praise to Admiral Sampson, Schley strikes a note of regret.

"If it had been dreamed at the moment that the sentiments of generosity prompting its modification, as requested, were to be made use of later in other hands to minimize the writer's participation in the fight no per-

GERMANY LEADS THE WORLD IN EDUCATION OF YOUNG GIRLS

The department of state at Washington publishes a report recently from United States Deputy Consul Meyer on the industrial education of women in Germany. Mr. Meyer has been stationed for some time at Chemnitz, where he has improved numerous and excellent opportunities for observation. Mr. Meyer says:

"It was from 1850 on that the real industrial education and special trade schools for girls, as we know them today, developed. The reasons for their rapid evolution in the modern era were partly social and partly economic. The development of industry opened up numerous forms of labor which could be satisfactorily done by the hands of women. It is also reported that the number of unmarried women belonging to the better classes increased, and that opportunities for their employment in some independent position were called for.

"The professions of teaching in public schools and in families were overcrowded. One solution of the difficulty was the study of some industrial pursuit. To meet the demand there developed, in the early days of 1850, private commercial schools for girls at Stuttgart, Munich, Leipzig, Berlin and elsewhere. Organizations arose for maintaining a more effective and systematic propaganda in favor of new industrial schools for girls.

ORIGIN OF FAMOUS SCHOOL.

Most important and prominent in this work was the Central Association of Prussia for the Welfare of the Laboring Classes, which in 1855, through its famous president, Dr. Adolph Lette, published a memorial on the necessity for the establishment of better industrial schools for girls. This memorial led to the founding of the well-known Lette Verein.

"This organization today stands at the head of the movement for the promotion of higher education among women and the development of their industrial abilities. Its aims and activities may be briefly summarized under six main heads:

"(1) The removal of all obstacles and prejudices against the employment of women in an industrial capacity; (2) the promotion of educational institutions for the instruction of women in industrial and commercial pursuits; (3) the rendition of aid to women in search of proper employment; (4) the establishment of bazaars for the exhibition and sale of hand and art work of women; (5) the protection of girls against exposure to questionable moral conditions and influences through the recommendation of places for lodging and board; and (6) the establishment of saving funds and loan funds. In connection with the Lette Verein the following industrial schools have been established. A commercial school, a course for clerical assistants, an industrial school giving opportunities for the study of different trades adapted to women, and a special school of photography.

UNDER DISADVANTAGES.

"Although some good schools have been established through private enterprise and are carrying forward a good work, many of these institutions are reported to have but partly fulfilled their great mission, through

a lack of equipment and incompetent or inadequate teachers. Most effective and most far-reaching has been the work of the organizations of women. Though the Lette Verein may be the leader in the movement, another organization which deserves special mention here for its noble work in behalf of the laboring women in Germany is the General Association of German Women, founded in Leipzig in 1859. The methods pursued by this association resemble closely those of the Lette Verein. With these two organizations as shining examples and aided by the general approbation of the public, there soon originated a large number of other associations of women of local importance, all adding their benevolent influence for the accomplishment of a good work.

"Saxony, the greatest seat of German industry, employs the largest percentage of women in proportion to the total population. They work side by side with the men in the great textile factories, making gloves, stockings, underwear, lace and trimmings, finishing, sewing, weaving, dyeing and doing a thousand other things. In other industries also they are present in large numbers. In 1899 Saxony had twenty-four special trade schools, as well as fourteen general industrial schools for girls. Among the special trade schools were thirty schools for hand lace making, three for straw-plaiting, three commercial schools of Mainchen, Grossenhain and Plauen, an industrial drawing school at Schneeberg, a department for girls at the industrial school of Plauen, and four schools for tailresses.

DOMESTIC SCIENCE SCHOOLS.

"Quite different in character from the industrial schools proper are the schools for domestic science in which young women are taught the duties of the home and acquire the accomplishments of the cuisine. The development of these schools began after 1850, and took a special impetus during the last few decades as a result of the tremendous evolution of industry and the rapidly increasing number of girls participating in hand and factory labor.

"These young women entered the work shops and factories in growing numbers immediately upon completion of their compulsory education in the common schools. They passed from the girlhood days of the home and school directly to the toll and hardship of industrial labor. They left untutored in home duties and ignorant of those household and kitchen arts which ought to grace a successful wife. The result frequently was unsuccess in marriage and dissatisfaction in the home.

"Soon after the establishment of the first schools of domestic science for poor laboring girls, another and exclusive set of institutions of similar name developed for the benefit of girls coming from the higher classes of society. In principle and aim both schools were alike. None but class distinctions separated them. Obviously the reasons for these schools were different.

"According to statistics of June 1, 1901, the latest available to the writer, Prussia had 603 public and private institutions in which instruction in domestic science or in some trade was offered to girls. The total attendance at these schools in 1901 was 24,313. Among the leading schools in Prussia are the two gov-

(Continued on Page Ten.)

Mother of New Prince of Piedmont



QUEEN HELENA OF ITALY.

Father of New Heir to Italian Throne



KING VICTOR EMMANUEL

The Rurode DRY GOODS CO.

THE PEOPLE OF FORT WAYNE

Have never before had an opportunity to select from such a complete display of fashionable fabrics and styles as our store presents this season.

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

New merchandise is overflowing counters and shelves, a choice gathering of the finest products of the best manufacturers and style creators of the world. To get the most satisfaction out of your Fall shopping you should make an early visit here.

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Months of preparation has brought to this store the finest showing of Dress Goods we have ever made. Here will be found the latest dictates of Dame Fashion. We invite you to see them. You'll find them enticing in quality and style and moderately priced.

A WORD ABOUT LINENS

For years this store has been considered headquarters for Fine Linens. Our direct importations from the most reliable makers are here ready for your selection. No matter what your Linen needs may be you will find quality reasons and price reasons why you should buy here.

The Rurode Dry Goods Co.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

A single look at our latest statement shows our prosperity and healthy growth. Everything in the banking line is correctly and safely transacted through us. You can buy bills of Exchange and Drafts through us, payable by banks anywhere on the globe. We'd like to have your account and if you give it to us, we will see that it is profitable to you.

Drop in some time and discuss the matter with us.

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LAU BLOCK
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Where I have the latest methods and appliances for the successful treatment of special and CHRONIC DISEASES of the eye, ear, nose, throat, lungs, heart, stomach, liver, kidneys, bladder, piles, cancer, skin, blood and FEMALE DISEASES.

PRIVATE DISEASES, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Stricture, Varicocele, Hydrocele, weak organs, loss of manly vigor, the awful results of early indiscretion, causing NERVOUS DEBILITY, night losses, loss of energy, bashfulness, despondency, pimples and mental weakness. What you want is honest treatment by an experienced specialist. No experimenting, but quick and permanent cure. I will tell you honestly whether I can cure you or not.

I have cured hundreds after others have failed. Consult me at once, for the longer you put it off the worse your case grows, and the more timid and despondent you feel. Come at once, for there are numbers coming daily and go away happy, for without health there is no happiness.

Consultation and Examination Free

Office Days—Sunday, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. Office Hours—8 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m. Sundays—8 to 10 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m.

FOR SALE—A fine farm of 150 acres, well improved; has ice house and silo; formerly used for buttermaking; nine miles west of city, on good gravel road. For further information call on or write to A. M. Bates, Arcola, Ind., R. R. No. 1. 9d4&w2t

FOR SALE—At a bargain, 105-acre farm, well improved, six miles from Fort Wayne; also one 7-room house, No. 603 Hendricks street; rents at \$15 per month. R. C. Niswonger & Co., 128 West Main street. 9-14wtf

WANTED—Young men, before applying for a position you should see to it that you appear well. A neat hair trim will add more to your appearance than the same amount of money put any other place. The best hair cutters are at the Wayne Hotel. 12 Barbers 6-6d&w 1yr

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT OF ESTATE.

Notice is hereby given to the creditors, heirs and legatees of James R. Dietrick, deceased, to appear in the Allen circuit court, held at Fort Wayne, Indiana, on the 13th day of October, 1904, and show cause, if any, why the final settlement accounts with the estate of said decedent should not be approved, and said heirs are notified to then and there make proof of heirship and receive their distributive shares. J. H. SICKLES, Adm'r. Witness the clerk of said court, this 13th day of September, 1904.

W. A. JOHNSON, Clerk Allen Circuit Court. HARPER & EGGEMAN, Attys for Estate. 21w2t

If in need of anything, try THE SENTINEL Want Column.

OHIO FARMER DIES IN HOSPITAL HERE

William L. Betts Succumbs to
Peritonitis--Other
Deaths.

William L. Betts, a farmer whose home is near Paulding, Ohio, died at Houde hospital at 1 o'clock Monday afternoon from peritonitis, following an attack of appendicitis.

Mr. Betts was 35 years of age and is survived by the wife and one child, in addition to several brothers and sisters. He had been a patient at the institution since Friday.

His remains were removed to the Peltier undertaking rooms and were shipped Monday evening to Paulding, Ohio.

MEISER.

Mrs. Fietta Meiser, 79 years of age and a pioneer resident of Allen county, died at 8 o'clock Sunday morning at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Elias Hyre, 41 Wagner street, with whom the aged woman had been making her home for several years. Death was due to a complication of diseases.

Mrs. Meiser was born in Pennsylvania, August 7, 1825, and more than sixty years ago came with her husband to Allen county. They settled upon a farm in Lake township, literally hewing a home out of the woods. Twenty-five years ago the family removed to Michigan, but in 1895, while on a visit to friends in Arkansas, the husband died. Since that time the widow has been making her home with her daughter in this city.

The surviving relatives include four children: Eli Meiser, Paragould, Ark.; Mrs. Owen Kennard, Smith Center, Kas.; Mrs. J. B. Allen, Rector, Ark., and Mrs. Elias Hyre, Fort Wayne. There are also nineteen grandchildren and thirteen great-grandchildren.

The funeral was held Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the residence and the remains placed in the receiving vault at Lindenwood cemetery. Rev. A. S. Preston officiated at the services.

STORK.

Frederick T. Stork, of 923 Savilla avenue, a teacher in Emmaus Lutheran school, died Saturday noon from Bright's disease from which he has long been a sufferer. The young man came to Fort Wayne two years ago, but was taken sick about six weeks after his arrival here, and was compelled to give up his duties. He went to Texas for the benefit of his health, but as no improvement occurred he returned.

The deceased was 28 years old and was born in St. Louis. At the age of six years he was adopted by his aunt, Mrs. Hanausky, who came with him from St. Louis, and with whom he had been making his home. He leaves a wife and two sons, Alfred and Walter, aged 4 years and 18 months respectively. His mother, Mrs. Margaret Stork, three brothers and one sister, all of St. Louis, also survive him.

Funeral services were held on Monday morning at 9:30 o'clock at Emmaus Lutheran church, and the remains were shipped to St. Louis for interment.

EDSALL.

Joseph E. Edsall, son of Mrs. Mary Edsall, of 1314 Washington boulevard, died Saturday night at Hope hospital from general peritonitis, following an attack of appendicitis. He was 16 years of age.

The young man had undergone an operation for appendicitis and appeared to be making satisfactory progress toward recovery until Saturday afternoon, when a sudden change for the worse intervened.

Surviving relatives include the mother, two brothers—Charles, of this city, and Edmund, of Colorado—and a sister, Miss Grace Edsall.

The funeral services were held from the residence Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock, Rev. A. S. Preston officiating.

ANSTETT.

Ida E. Anstett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George B. Anstett, of 108 Mechanic street, died at 5:30 o'clock Monday morning from organic heart disease at the age of twelve years.

The bereaved father is employed by J. P. Tinkham, the coal dealer, and surviving relatives include the parents, two brothers—Arthur O., a bookkeeper for Clifford Bros., and Frederick, and three sisters—Jennette and Sadie Anstett, employed at the Knitting mills, and Louella, at home.

REED.

Pearl Reed, 7 years of age, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James W. Reed, of 1117 Elm street, died Sunday afternoon from diphtheria, after an illness of but four days.

Funeral services were held privately from the residence.

BEHM.

Harold Behm, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. William Behm, of 719 Lavina street, died Sunday morning from heart trouble at the age of two weeks.

Funeral services were held from the residence Monday afternoon, Rev. Moll officiating.

WOLF.

Mrs. Mary J. Wolf, wife of Levi Wolf, died at 3 a. m., Wed., Sept. 14, at the family home, 1330 West Main street after an extended illness from dropsy, at the age of 56 years.

Mrs. Wolf was born in Dayton, O., August 21, 1848, and was married thirty-one years ago. The husband is a butcher in the employ of the Eckart Packing company. In addition to the husband the surviving family includes two daughters—Mrs. A. L. Pike, of East Liverpool, Ohio, and Miss Bessie Wolf, of Fort Wayne, and a son, E. E. Wolf. There are also three brothers and a sister—one of the brothers being George Kuntz, of this city.

Announcement of the funeral service will be made later.

MOSS.

Frederick Moss, 78 years of age and for twenty years a resident of Ft. Wayne, died Tuesday, Sept. 13, at the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Catherine Seffel, in Whitley county, with whom the aged man had been recently making his home. Death was due to cancer of the stomach.

Mr. Moss was a native of Germany, but emigrated to America at the age of 16 years, locating at Abolt, where he was employed as a section hand by the Wabash railroad. Twenty years ago he removed to Fort Wayne where he was steadily employed five years, when he was given charge of the gates at the Fairfield avenue crossing. For fifteen years Mr. Moss held this position, and his faithfulfulness to his trust made him a valued employee. He was well known and had many friends. He was compelled to abandon work about two months ago.

Mr. Moss' wife died in this city about one year ago last February. He is survived by four children—Martin Moss, residing west of the city; Mrs. Catherine Seffel, in Whitley county; Mrs. Lottie Berry, of Huntington, and Mrs. Blanche Hodges, residing on Hoagland avenue, this city, with whom he had made his home the greater portion of the time since the death of his wife. It is expected that the interment will occur at Rockvale.

READ.

Mrs. Mary E. Read, wife of Dr. Henry A. Read, and for many years a resident of Fort Wayne, died at 7:10 Friday morning at the family residence, 812 Harrison street. Death came as a termination of extended suffering, and was due to kidney trouble, with other complications. Mrs. Read had been in frail health for the past eight years, quite sick for three years, and continuously bedfast since a month ago.

The deceased was a most estimable and widely-known woman who had many friends. She was a native of Allen county, born in Marion township, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Owen Owens. Her marriage to Dr. H. A. Read was solemnized in this city in 1893, and they have resided in Fort Wayne continuously since that time. There are no children, but surviving relatives in addition to the husband, include a brother, Conductor Owen Owens, of the Pennsylvania system; a sister, Mrs. Eliza Kerna, who has made her home with Mrs. Read, and a niece, Mrs. Rev. Chenoweth, of Cincinnati, who was reared in the Read family. Mrs. Read was a member of Trinity Evangelist Lutheran church, and was affiliated with the Dorcas society of that congregation.

It is expected that the funeral services will be held Monday afternoon.

WITTE.

Mrs. Wilhelmina Witte, widow of Conrad Witte, and for half a century a resident of northern Indiana, died Thursday night at the home of her son, Conrad Witte, 1401 Swinney avenue, from hemorrhage due to bronchitis. She had been ill but three weeks.

Mrs. Witte was a native of Preuss-Minden, Germany, and was 74 years of age. Coming to America fifty years ago she lived for a time in Fort Wayne, then removing with her husband to Adams county, where the husband died seventeen years ago. Two years later the widow returned to Fort Wayne, where she had since resided. She was a most estimable woman and a devoted member of Emmaus Lutheran church. Surviving are three children—Mrs. Fred Blunenberg, of Friedhelm, Adams county; Mrs. Ida Hohmeyer and Conrad Witte, of Fort Wayne. There is also a step-daughter, Mrs. William

A Living Monument.

If we were to assemble all those who have been cured of heart disease by Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, and who would to-day be in their graves had not Dr. Miles' been successful in perfecting this wonderful heart specific, they would populate a large city.

What a remarkable record—a breathing, thinking, moving monument, composed of human lives—that for which every other earthly possession is sacrificed.

The Miles Medical Co. receive thousands of letters from these people like the following:

"I feel indebted to Dr. Miles' Heart Cure for my life. I desire to call the attention of others suffering as I did to this remarkable remedy for the heart. For a long time I had suffered from shortness of breath after any little exertion, palpitation of the heart, and at times terrible pain in the region of the heart, so serious that I feared that I would some time drop dead upon the street. One day I read one of your circulars, and immediately went to my drug store and purchased two bottles of the Heart Cure, and took it according to directions, with the result that I am entirely cured. Since then I never miss an opportunity to recommend this remedy to my friends who have heart trouble. In fact I am a traveling salesman for it. I am widely known in this locality."

H. BOYMAN, Manager of Lebanon Democrat, Nashville, Tenn.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold by your druggist, who will guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. If it fails he will refund your money.

Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Wick, of Bingen, and a brother, William Horstmeier.

Brief services were held from the residence of the son at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, and the remains were then taken to Friedhelm, where the funeral services were held Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

PREBLE.

Mrs. Emma M. Preble, wife of Charles Preble, died at 10 o'clock this morning, at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred G. Hilgeman, 505 Walnut street, after an illness of one year from tuberculosis.

The death is a particularly sad one, for Mrs. Preble was but 23 years of age, and leaves in addition to her husband, two babes, one two and one-half years old, and the other but sixteen months. Other relatives include the parents, five brothers and four sisters—Florence, John, George, Albert and Chester Hilgeman, Mrs. Arthur Mains, and the Misses Nettie, Ethel and Louella Hilgeman. Mrs. Preble was born and reared in Fort Wayne. She was a young woman of charming attributes and possessed a wide circle of friends.

BOWER.

John Bower, a well known Monroe township farmer, died Sunday at his home three miles east of Monroe, from typhoid fever, at the age of 60 years.

Mr. Bower was a native of Allen county, son of the late Jacob Bower, one of the most prominent of the early pioneers of the county. He is survived by his wife and one son, and the following brothers and sisters: Henry Bower, Jacob Bower, Mrs. Benjamin Glem, Mrs. Samuel Glem, Mrs. Morgan, the wife of Senator Morgan, of Dixon, and Mrs. William Taylor. Mrs. G. W. Stout, of this city, is a cousin.

Something to Eat

Fricassee of Peppers and Clams—To one dozen soft-shelled clams add one pepper and half an onion; chop the onion fine and cook in a tablespoon of butter without browning; add to the onion the pepper, also cut fine, and a small clove of garlic. Fry altogether for five minutes, then pour in one-half cupful of clam juice; then add the soft parts of the clams, whole, and the hard parts chopped fine. Season with a level teaspoonful of salt and a quarter of a teaspoonful of pepper. Serve on slices of hot toast with parsley garnish. (Adapted from Cooking Club.)

Tomato Jelly with Slices of Egg—Several good recipes for making "tomato jelly" have appeared within the last year, any of which may be used in making the jelly. Have ready a border mold that has been well chilled in ice water. Dip chilled slices of hard-boiled egg into half a teaspoonful of gelatin softened in a little cold water and melted over the tea kettle, and put them at equal distances upon the sides of the mold, holding each in place until it becomes "set." Then slowly fill the mold with tomato jelly. Set on ice for six hours. When ready to serve, turn from the mold and fill the open center with crisp lettuce leaves. Serve with mayonnaise in a separate dish.

A New Recipe for Yellow Mustard Pickle—This recipe has found so much favor with the family and the friends who have chanced to use it that others may find it good.

Yellow Mustard Pickle—One-half gallon vinegar, three dozen sliced cucumbers, three dozen onions, one tablespoon tumeric, one tablespoon mustard, one-half cup each of sugar and flour, and one-third teaspoon of red pepper. Pare and slice cucumbers and onions, cover with water, add one-half cup salt and let stand over night. In the morning drain the cucumbers and onions; pour vinegar in the stove to boil, mix the spices, sugar and flour in a little cold vinegar, add to the boiling vinegar and let boil five minutes, stirring constantly; then put in cucumbers and onions, boil fifteen minutes and seal in jars while hot. This makes one gallon.

Baked Corn with Peppers—Score the ears and scrape from the cobs enough raw corn to measure one pint. Wipe two green peppers, put in boiling water five minutes, then rub the skin with cloth. Cut open, remove stem and seeds and shave very fine. Put corn and peppers in layers in buttered baking dish, sprinkle with one-half teaspoon salt. Pour over one cupful cream in which is mixed one beaten egg; add one tablespoon butter. Bake in quick oven forty minutes. Delicious.

Chicken Chop Suey—Chop fine the glizzard and breast of a boiled fowl, add one-half cup of chopped blanched almonds and one cupful of celery cut into half-inch pieces, then into matchlike strips. The real dish is usually prepared with bean sprouts, but as these are not obtainable celery is a good substitute. Make a sauce with one tablespoon of butter, one teaspoonful of arrowroot, one cupful of chicken stock, one-half teaspoon salt, one-half teaspoon pepper and teaspoon of soy (the latter can be purchased in bottles from first-class grocers). Simmer all together for twenty minutes. Serve in small saucers or china bowls.

Note—This is more simple than the recipe published last year in this department, and is very pleasing.

Chocolate Pears—One pint of water, one-half cup sugar, in which parboil six choice pears. When half done place in pudding dish, sprinkle with three tablespoonfuls of sugar and bake until tender, about half an hour. Reducing the sugar to a quart of soft, dissolve in it three tablespoonfuls of grated chocolate or cocoa, and add three tablespoonfuls of rich cream slightly whipped. Flavor with half a teaspoonful of vanilla, and pour over pears. Serve from the baking dish hot.

The "Only" Lemonade—To one quart of water use the juice of three lemons and the rind of one, taking care to peel the rind very thin, using nothing but the yellow outside. Cut this into pieces and put with the juice in a quart covered vessel (a jug is best), using four ounces of sugar to a quart of water. Boil the water, then pour over the lemon and sugar; cover, let it cool, add ice and serve. The beaten white of an egg added is very nice.

Green Pepper Canapés—Cut from stale loaf twice as many thin slices of bread as there are persons to be served. Trim off crust and cut each piece in oblongs about two by four inches. Saute in a little hot butter in a frying pan until each piece is a golden brown; lay on soft paper to absorb the grease and let stand until cold. Open one (or more if needed) large sweet green pepper, remove seeds and white veins, and chop very fine, about half a teaspoonful will be needed for each canapé; also finely chop the white of a hard boiled egg. Spread each canapé thickly with stiff mayonnaise, and over this arrange the pepper and egg white in alternate diagonal lines. Two of these canapés are arranged on a small plate at each place. For special occasions a small pinola may be placed at opposite ends, pressing it in the mayonnaise so that it will stand. They make an attractive and toothsome introduction to the meal.

Rhode Island Clam Chowder—Cook one-third of a cup of salt pork cubes with one large onion, sliced, and half a cup of water. Parboil four cups of potato cubes, add the liquor from the potato cubes and onion, the pork and one quart of clams, the hard part of the clams chopped, and two cups of boiling water. Cook till the potatoes are nearly done, then add one large cup of stewed strained tomato, the soft part of the clams and an eighth of a teaspoonful of soda, to reduce the acidity in the tomato. In another saucepan scald a pint of milk and thicken it with one tablespoonful of flour smoothly dissolved in a little cold milk. Just before serving add two tablespoonfuls of butter, one-half teaspoonful of salt, or less, one-quarter teaspoonful of pepper, the milk and a cupful or more of broken crackers. Half of this will be sufficient to serve five persons. This is considered an especially good recipe.

Veal Jelly—Buy a small piece of meat from hind leg—one and one-half pounds will be ample for one meal—three pounds makes a nice sized dish if desired to serve it for more than one meal, as it keeps well. Boil down until there is enough liquid left to cover the tenderly cooked meat, seasoning with salt and pepper toward the last. Cut into tiny squares and arrange in a mold mixed with slices of hard-boiled eggs and bits of parsley. Cover with liquid. When cool let stand in refrigerator over night. (As delicious as chicken.)

Rare Toast—Butter slices of bread and toast on under side and serve very hot. (A favorite toast.)

Grandma Kavel's Coffee Cake (Original)—Two tablespoonfuls butter, three tablespoonfuls sugar; stir one egg, one cup milk, two cups flour, two teaspoons baking powder, one-quarter teaspoon salt. Spread butter, sugar and cinnamon thickly on top before putting in the oven.

Apple Salad—Shave finely into your salad dish two or three nice ripe eating apples and Brazilian nuts, add some

Anely cut celery and pour over all any nice cream salad dressing.

Potato Torte—Two cups of sugar, one cup butter, four eggs beaten separately, one cup mashed potatoes, one cup milk, one-fourth pound almonds, two squares chocolate (sweet), one-half teaspoon each of cloves and cinnamon, two and one-half cups flour, two spoons baking powder. Bake in a round spring form. Ice with grated chocolate and powdered sugar mixed in a little cream. (Excellent.)

Kavel Apple Cake (Original)—Mix a quart of stewed ripe apples, sweetened, one cup sweet cream, two beaten eggs. Pour into shallow oblong cake pan, lined with rich pastry. Bake. Serve with or without glass of milk, or dash of whipped cream over each plate. (Just melts in your mouth.)

Mustard Pickles—This recipe has been used for years by an eastern woman in making pickles. This pickle especially commended the highest market price, and was always in demand. Put one-half peck small cucumbers, two quarts sliced skinned onions, and two heads of picked cauliflower to soak in water to cover and a cupful of salt over night. In the morning drain; mix one dessertspoonful of tumeric powder with three-quarters of a pound of best mustard; wet with sufficient vinegar to mix without lumps. Put three quarts of vinegar over the fire, add five cents worth of mixed pickling spices, one-half ounce celery seed, one-half ounce white mustard seed, one teaspoonful each of cinnamon, cloves, one pound of brown sugar, carefully stir in the mustard and tumeric paste and let boil up well; then add the mixed pickles, two red peppers chopped with the seeds of same, and stir all together. After it begins to bubble let boil well for five minutes. This amount will fill a two-gallon crock.

This is the best recipe I have ever used for mustard pickles. Nine out of ten people respond for same call for to-morrow's greens or pickles. To any one wishing to make mustard pickles I would say: "Don't use them." Tomatoes do not improve either the appearance or the quality of the pickles sufficiently to compensate for their general sloppiness, and the seeds are tasteless or bitter. Be sure you use the tumeric; once used you will have no future prejudice.

I am sure if some of the Record-Herald readers could see my assortment of fruit for the winter they would follow my way of preparing it. I never put up a large quantity at a time, but every few days, beginning usually with strawberries, I make a small quantity, and do not mind the little time it takes to do so. In this way one may have a great variety, which is what we should aim for. Instead of a few kinds of tiresome quantities, I use pint jars for canning, jelly glasses and small glass jars for jellies, preserves and jams. I get the cutest glass jars at a wholesale drug house; they are reasonable in price and hold a trifle less than a jelly glass, and have a wide mouth. I make my labels of gummed white paper, paring out picture binding, and seal them with paraffin before covering them with white paper. A friend who was ill last winter and who received all sorts of gifts was much pleased with one of those little Dutch looking jars filled with red raspberry jam and a red rose I carried to her, and when a friend was married a short time ago I bought a handsome white box, the depth of the jars, and wrapped one dozen assorted in white paper, tied the box with a white satin ribbon and placed a bunch of white sweet peas on top; it was placed in another box and delivered at the home of the intended bride the morning of her wedding day, and it was thoroughly appreciated by the young couple, who were beginning the new life with but a small furnished apartment and his salary.

Roasted Young Duck—It is not necessary to repeat recipe for cooking duck, but as it is by no means an easy task to singe them so that all down may be removed, a good and simple way is to rub them all over with alcohol, and then hold them over a tiny flame. In a few moments the fuzz has been burned off, and the rest can be removed by rubbing with an old, clean towel. Always serve with currant jelly if possible.

The vanilla ice cream is served with a teaspoonful of ginger syrup from the ginger jar poured over it.

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